The Bombay Gazette.

No. 4,714. New Series. BOMBAY: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1864. Annual Subscription in advance...Rupees Fifty-two.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCIPTION.

For a year in advance, delivered in Town, including postage	Rs. 52	0
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TERMS FOR ADVERTISING.

Ten lines and under	Rs.	4
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Third and succeeding insertions	"	0
Domestic Occurrences each	"	1

Contract Rates may be learned on application at Office, 30, Medow Street, Fort.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The charge for Insertion of Domestic Occurrence is One Rupee.

BENGAL.

Births.

BEHRENDS—At Calcutta, on the 1st February, the wife of G. F. Behrends, Esq., of a daughter.

SHORT—At Calcutta, on the 4th February, the wife of Lieutenant Colonel W. D. Short, R. E., of a son.

JOHNSON.—At 74, Clive Street, on the 5th February, the wife of Edward Johnson, Esq., of a son.

Marriages.

SCOTT—BELL—At St. Stephen's Church, Kidderpore, on the 30th January, by the Rev. F. F. Mazuchelli, D. D., David John Scott, Esq., to Mary, eldest daughter of the late Captain Thomas Bell, Bengal Army.

LANE—JEWETT—At St. Andrew's Church, on the 2nd February, by the Rev. J. Herdman, C. H. Lane, Esq., of Calcutta, to Charlotte Jane Jewett, the eldest daughter of Captain T. H. Jewett.

Death.

DICKSON—At Dunedin, New Zealand, on the 23rd November last, James Dickson, son of Thomas Dickson, Esq., M.D., Wye House, Derbyshire, aged 23 years.

MADRAS.

Births.

RICHARDS—At Brighton, on the 24th of December, the wife of the Rev. S. Richards, of a son.

STEELE—At Bellary, on the 3rd February, the wife of Lieut. Colonel A. Loftus Steele, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter.

Marriage.

EVANS—SYMONDS—At St. Thome, on the 6th February, by the Rev. Dr. Murphy, assisted by the Rev. F. Percival, Francis Stone Evans, to Fanny Mary, daughter of the Revd. A. R. Symonds.

Deaths.

STEELE—At Bellary, on the 4th February, Martha, wife of Lieut. Colonel A. Loftus Steele, Madras Staff Corps, aged 33 years.

RICHARDS—At Brighton, on the 25th December, Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. S. Richards, and on the following day her infant son.

SHIPPING.

FOR LONDON.

To sail in February.

MESSRS. GREEN'S Passenger Ship WARMER CASTLE, 1064 Tons Register, CHARLES HENRY, Commander, has excellent accommodation for Families, and carries a Surgeon. For further particulars, apply to Bombay, 18th December 1863. WALLACE & Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

To sail in March.

THE Superb Black Ball Line of Packet Ship GOLDEN EMPIRE, R.M. Goodall, Commander. This fine clipper Ship has superior Saloon accommodation for first class passengers.

For Rates of passage apply to the Captain on board, or to Messrs. LAWRENCE & Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

(To sail about 1st March.)

THE celebrated Frigate INCONSTANT, late of H. M.'s Navy, 1,800 Register, has excellent accommodation for Passengers, and carries a Surgeon. For freight or passage apply to Captain CLIFTON on board, or to LAWRENCE & Co.

FOR NEW YORK DIRECT.

THE fine A 1 Clipper Ship T. E. LEMON, Captain RAINEY, will have immediate despatch. For Freight apply to MACKENDOE, ROGERS & Co.

FOR ZANZIBAR.

THE fine A. 1 Ship EARL OF SHAFTESBURY, 532 Tons, Captain KRONMAN. To sail on or before 20th instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

Bombay, 5th February 1864.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS AND CALCUTTA.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company's (Limited) Screw Steam Ship PENANG, 850 Tons, 130 H. P., Captain BLACKMORE, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 15th February, at noon, with Mails, Passengers and Cargo for Calcutta, touching at Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Calicut, Cochin, Tuticorin, Colombo, Madras, Coconada, Bimlipatam, Vizagapatam and Calcutta.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

N. B.—Passengers for Madras can land at Calicut and proceed from thence by Rail.

STEAM TO KURRACHEE AND THE PERSIAN GULF.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company's (Limited) Screw Steam Ship KURRACHEE, 700 Tons, 140 H. P., Captain COTTER, will be despatched to Kurrachee and the Persian Gulf with Mails, Passengers and Cargo on MONDAY, the 22nd instant. For freight of Goods, Specie, and Passengers, apply to the Manager, opposite to Kavakhana's Lane, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

STEAM FROM BOMBAY TO COCHIN TWICE A MONTH.

STEAM FROM COCHIN TO BOMBAY TWICE A MONTH.

(Calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Karwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, and Calicut.)

THE Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Company (Limited) will dispatch Steamers as following to the Malabar Coast twice a Month:—

DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY.

Saturday	20th Feb.	MAHARAJ at 6 P. M.
Saturday	5th March	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 6 P. M.
Saturday	19th March	MAHARAJ at 6 P. M.
Friday	8th April	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 6 P. M.
Wednesday	20th April	MAHARAJ at 6 P. M.
Thursday	5th May	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 6 P. M.
Friday	20th May	MAHARAJ at 6 P. M.
Wednesday	8th June	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 6 P. M.

DEPARTURES FROM COCHIN.

Thursday	25th Feb.	MAHARAJ at 5 P. M.
Friday	11th March	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 5 P. M.
Friday	25th March	MAHARAJ at 5 P. M.
Wednesday	13th April	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 5 P. M.
Monday	25th April	MAHARAJ at 5 P. M.
Wednesday	10th May	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 5 P. M.
Thursday	26th May	MAHARAJ at 5 P. M.
Wednesday	15th June	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 5 P. M.

For Passage, rates of Freight apply to the undersigned.

FULCHER, COOPER & Co.

No. 7, Rampart Row, 8th February 1864.

STEAM FROM BOMBAY TO SURAT EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

STEAM FROM SURAT TO BOMBAY EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

THE Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Company's (Limited) will dispatch a Steamer from Bombay to Surat every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, and from Surat to Bombay every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, as follows:—

DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY TO SURAT.

Tuesday	16th Feb.	TELEGRAPH at 4 P. M.
Friday	19th "	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 5 P. M.
Tuesday	23rd "	TELEGRAPH at 6 P. M.
Friday	26th "	JOHNSTON CASTLE. at 2 P. M.

DEPARTURES FROM SURAT TO BOMBAY.

Tuesday	16th Feb.	MAHARAJ at 8 A. M.
Friday	19th "	TELEGRAPH at 11 A. M.
Tuesday	23rd "	JOHNSTON CASTLE at 1 P. M.
Friday	26th "	TELEGRAPH at 2 P. M.

For Passage rates of Freight &c., apply to the undersigned.

FULCHER, COOPER & Co.

No. 7, Rampart Row, 8th February 1864.

NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES OF CARGO FROM CHINA PER "ALDEN" AND "CHINA."—CONSIGNEES will please take notice that the Cargo per *Adea* and *China* is lying at the Town Custom House, and a Clerk from my office will attend there all day to-morrow to deliver it. THOMAS BLACK,

Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, P. & O. S. N. Company's Office, 8th Feb. 1864.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per ship *Salamanca*, arrived from London, are hereby requested to despatch Boats at once to take delivery, otherwise the same will be landed in any Boats the Captain may be able to secure, without further notice, at the expense and risk of the consigned.

W. NICOL & Co.,

Agents Ship *Salamanca* and Owners.

Bombay, 29th January 1864.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Ship *Brilliant*, Captain COPELAND, from Liverpool, are requested to send off Boats for their Goods without delay, otherwise they will be landed by the Captain as they come to hand at the expense and risk of the concerned.

The Captain will not be responsible for the condition of any Packages after their once leaving the Deck.

RENNIE, SCOVELL & Co.,

Agents for Captain COPELAND.

Bombay, 3rd February 1864.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Ship *Zenobia*, Captain MILLER, from Liverpool, are requested to send off Boats for their Goods without delay, otherwise they will be landed by the Captain as they come to hand at the expense and risk of the concerned.

The Captain will not be responsible for the condition of any Packages after their once leaving the deck.

RENNIE, SCOVELL & Co.,

Agents for Captain MILLER.

Bombay, 13th February 1864.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS per Ship *Edwin Fox*, Captain MACLEAN, from London, are requested to send off Boats for their Cargo without delay, failing which the same will be landed in any Boats the Captain may be able to secure at the expense and risk of the Consignees.

Captain MACLEAN will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it once leaves the Ship's Deck.

BROACH COTTON MILLS COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Broach Cotton Mills Company, will be held at the Office of the undersigned, in Bruce Lane, on MONDAY, the 29th February 1864, when the Secretaries will lay before the Meeting a Report on the results of the working of the Mills during the past year.

JAVERILAL UMIASHANKAR & Co.,

Secretaries Broach Cotton Mills Company.

Bombay, 29th January 1864.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE BROACH COTTON MILLS COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, that in accordance with a Resolution of the Directors dated the 28th January 1864, a dividend at the rate of Rs. 50 per share (free of Income Tax) will be payable to the Shareholders of the Broach Cotton Mills Company at the office of the undersigned, on and after the 1st March 1864, for the half-year which ended on the 31st December 1863.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 23rd instant, to the 1st March 1864.

By order of the Directors,

JAVERILAL UMIASHANKAR & Co.,

Secretaries and Treasurers Broach Cotton Mills Company.

Bruce Lane, Bombay, 2nd February 1864.

BYCULLA COMMISSION STABLES, VETERINARY HOSPITAL, AND SHOEING FORGE, BELLASIS ROAD.—The undersigned, Member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons, London, and Fellow of the Veterinary Medical Association, Liverpool, can be consulted at all hours at the above Hospital, and has received instructions to conduct the whole Establishment, in the absence of Mr. G. Lewis.

Race Horses Plated at the Byculla Veterinary Forge.

W. CLEMENTS.

HOUSES, &c., TO LET.

TO BE LET.—A GODOWN in Church Lane, Fort.—Apply to ROPER, PRICE & Co.

TO BE LET IN 5, FORBES STREET.—A spacious OFFICE, size 48 feet 6 inches by 24 feet 6 inches. Apply to ALBERT VINAY, on the Premises.

TO LET.—One Room suitable for a Lawyer's or Merchant's Office.—Apply to C. MASCARENHAS & Co.

TO LET.—A three storied HOUSE facing the sea with stabling for 4 horses.—Apply to the Editor of *Bombay Gazette*.

TO LET.—From the 1st January 1864.—SPACIOUS APARTMENTS, admirably adapted for Offices, and beautifully situated in Church Street, Fort. The third floor of the house in Church Street, lately vacated by the Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Parsee Institution. The front Rooms are 54 by 24 feet, on the top of the house is a spacious Terrace, with a magnificent view.

For terms apply to HUNT, MONNET & Co., on the Premises.

Bombay, 21st December 1863.

FOR SALE.

TO ENGINEERS, CONTRACTORS, AND MACHINISTS.—THE undersigned have on hand, and for arrival, the undermentioned Engines, and other machinery, from the Engineering works of Messrs. T. M. Tennant & Co., Edinburgh and Leith.

12 H. P. Horizontal high pressure Steam Engine.

10 H. P. Upright Steam Engine and Boiler.

4 H. P. Portable Steam Engine and Multitubular Boiler.

Portable Punching and Shearing Machines.

Planing Machine.

Drilling Machines, double geared, Self-acting.

Screw Cutting Gap Lathe.

Single and Double Acting Donkey Pumping Engines.

Self-acting Saw Bench, with Saws complete.

Circular Saws.

Lithographic Presses; various sizes.

4 sets Heavy Plate Bending Rollers, on base plate.

Spigot and Faucet Pipes.

Ornamental Cast Iron Garden pumps, with handles, various sizes.

Steel Mill Picks, and handles, &c. &c.

For full particulars, purchasers are requested to apply to Mr. Andrew Laing, Machinist, Girgaum Road, where trial trips of all the Machinery may be seen.

FRAMJEE, SANDS & Co.

Agents to Messrs. T. M. Tennant & Co.

Bombay, 10th February 1864.

SOUPS, &c. in 1 lb. tins by D. HOGARTH & Co.

At Rs. 1 or 11 per doz.	Vegetable	Gibbit	At Rs. 1 or 11 per doz.
	Hare	Poachers	
	Rabbit	Venison	
	Mock Turtle	Oysters	
	Mulligatawny	Soup and Bouilli	
	Green Peas	Peas and Gravy	
	Ox Tail	Vermicelli	
	Salmon	Mutton Broth	
At Rs. 1 each.	Hotch Potch		At Rs. 1 each.
	Sibby	Gravie	
	Veal	Partridge	
	Chicken		

All the above Soups require half or an equal quantity of water before being used.

TREACHER & Co., (Limited.)

Bombay, the Fort, Byculla and Poona.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION at the Byculla Commission Stables the following Horses, Racers, &c.

G. A. H. "Champion."
G. A. H. "Salma."
G. A. G. "Laddie."
B. A. G. "Banker."
G. A. H. "Marmion."
C. A. H. "Cheesecake."

A Dark Iron Grey Arab Horse.
A Ditto Galloway.
A Pegu Pony, strong and useful.
A dog Cart complete.
A Self-driving Carriage, with moveable Box, &c.—Apply to the undersigned.

W. CLEMENTS, Veterinary Surgeon,
Byculla Commission Stables.

Bombay, 10th February 1864.

MR. J. NEUBERG, 23, Byculla, has the pleasure to announce the receipt ex *Odessus* and *Gilbert Thompson*, of a beautiful collection of Fancy Leather Goods, such as Portfolios, Albums for Carte de Visites, Scrap Books, Travelling Cases, Work Boxes, Ladies' Companions, Pocket Books, Frames for Photographs, &c. &c.

Embroidery of the handsomest workmanship for Slippers and Cushions.

Patterns for Embroidery.

Bronze Goods, of Artistic character and highly-finished, such as Statuettes, Groups of Animals, Vases, Table Ornaments, Paper Weights, Letter Clips, &c.

A few Plaques, by celebrated German makers.

On hand, Violin Strings and Bows.

Table Cloths, Table Napkins, and Towels, of the best workmanship.

A fresh supply of German Toys, expected per *Edwin Fox*.

The above are all very moderately priced, to effect quick sale.

TERMS—*Cash.*

Orders from Out-stations must be accompanied by a remittance, or reference for payment.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the most magnificent Italian, Swiss and German scenery, received by last Overland Mail.

CARARA MARBLE.

Circular Slabs, white and grey, of the finest Carara Marble, for Drawing Room Tables 3½ feet and 3 feet in diameter. Also Slabs for Pier Tables 4 feet by 2 feet and 5 feet by 2½ feet.

MR. J. NEUBERG, 23, Byculla, has received by last Overland Mail, a small but choice selection of Telescopes, Perspectives, Binocular Field and Sea Glasses, Opera Glasses tastefully mounted in Ivory, Horn, and Lacquered Metal, with Leather Cases, Spectacles, variously mounted, for Ladies and Gentlemen, with Convex and Concave Glasses, Plain, Smoked, and coloured Riding Spectacles, mounted in Gold, Silver, and Steel, Double Eye Glasses, Hunting Telescopes, Stereoscopes, Pocket Stereoscopes, Spare Convex and Concave Glasses for Spectacles.

J. NEUBERG, 23, Byculla.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—I have this day authorized Mr. PIERRE PAGLIANO to sign my name per procuration. ALBERT VINAY.

1st February 1864.

BASSETT & Co. having disposed of their business have and do hereby authorize, Mr. WILLIAM WALKER, G. A. P. R., to collect all their outstanding debts.—Bombay, 31st December 1863.

NOTICE.—We have this day commenced business as Merchants and Manufacturers Agents.

TAYLOR, RANDALL & Co.

Bombay, 12th February 1864.

TO WOOL DEALERS.—TAYLOR, RANDALL & Co., being well acquainted with the Woollen Manufacturers in Yorkshire and the West of England, are prepared to receive consignments of the Raw Material.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—We have from this day removed our Offices from No. 4, Bombay Row, to the premises lately occupied by Messrs. HERBERT & Co., No. 16, in Rampart Row.

Bombay, 6th February 1864.

RALLI BROTHERS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—The Patent Ice Company, Dewjee's thirty-two Tunnel Iced No. 8, Rampart Row, to No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 10th February 1864.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—We have this day removed our office from No. 4, Rampart Row, to No. 3, Hummum Street.

HEACOCK & Co.

Bombay, 8th February 1864.

NOTICE TO SHIP-MASTERS, RAILWAY CONTRACTORS, HOUSE-BUILDERS, &c.—Timber of every description, Masts, Spars, Teakwood, Jungle Wood, and all kinds of Planks, Deals, Battan, Pine and other kinds of Timber, at moderate prices. Apply to BOMANJEE BURTONJEE, Warree Bunder.

NOTICE.—Written Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 2 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, for the daily supply until the 1st June next, of one hundred Carts with Bullocks and Drivers.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Surveyor's Office, No. 8, Hornby Row.

R. SIMS,

Acting Surveyor to the Municipal Commissioners.

Bombay, 12th February 1864.

BANK OF INDIA.—FOURTH CALL.—Notice is hereby given, that in terms of a Resolution of the Board of Directors, a Fourth Call of Rs. 50 per Share will be payable by the Shareholders, at the Bank's Office here, on or before 1st March, proximo, after which date interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum will be charged on all Unpaid Calls.

By order of the Board of Directors,

R. D. PEEBLES, Manager.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—A Special General Meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, at noon, to consider the Report of the Sub-Committee on the subject of Railway Terminus Accommodation for Bombay. ANDREW GRANT, Chairman.

Bombay, 12th February 1864.

DECCAN COTTON CLEANING COMPANY—CALL OF Rs. 150 PER SHARE.—NOTICE.—In the terms of a Resolution of the Directors of this Company, a Call of Rupees 150 per Share will be payable at the Office of the undersigned on or before the 29th February 1864.

FULCHER, COOPER & Co., Secretaries and Treasurers. No. 7, Rampart Row, Bombay, 29th Jan. 1864.

THE BOMBAY COAST AND RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED.)—At an ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company held at the Registered Office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 1st of February 1864, at 4 o'clock P. M., the following resolution was proposed by H. Forman, Esquire, Seconded by Limjee Maneckjee, Esquire, and carried unanimously:—

"That a Dividend at the rate of 20 per cent. per annum, less Income Tax, be paid for the three months ending the 31st December 1863."

Notice is hereby given that Dividend warrants will be issued on and after the 6th instant, which will be payable at the Bank of India on presentation.

FULCHER, COOPER & Co.

Bombay, No. 7 Rampart Row, 2nd February 1864.

BOMBAY HOUSE AND LAND INVESTMENT COMPANY (LIMITED.)

CALL OF RUPEES (300) THREE HUNDRED PER SHARE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that in pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors, a Call of Rupees (300) Three Hundred per Share will be payable at the Office of the Company on or before the 22rd February next.

By order of the Directors,

ALEX. C. BRICE & Co.,

Secretaries and Treasurers.

8 Hornby Row, Bombay, 28th January 1864.

NAVIGATION AND LOCAL MARINE BOARD EXAMINATION.—The undersigned (who holds a Certificate (Extra) of Competency from the Board of Trade) having his Masters' Certificate from Fort and Engineers from 5 to 8, unoccupied, is prepared to give LESSONS IN NAVIGATION, and to prepare Candidates for Marine Board Examinations in accordance with the Regulations of the Board of Trade.

Testimonials can be seen on application.

References kindly permitted to:—

Captain J. WILSON, C.B. (late I.N.,)
Superintendent Bombay Marine.
Captain W. C. BARKER, (late I.N.,)
Master Attendant.
Captain G. ROBINSON, (late I.N.,)
Superintendent Floating Batteries.
Captain HAYMAN, Shipping Master.
Captain Justin DE PONTON, Lloyds' Surveyor.

Shipmasters' Chronometers carefully tested and rates determined for them if required. J. WILLIAMS,

5, Bake House Lane, Fort. Late Maaret R.N. & I.N.

THE BOMBAY MECHANICS' BUILDING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

બોમ્બે મીકાનીકસ બીલડીગ કંમપની (લીમીટડ.)

बंबे मेकानीकस बील्डींग कंपनी (लीमीटड.)

NOTICE.—An Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held in the Office of Messrs. W. NICOL and Co. Marine Street, Fort, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 15th February, at 4 P.M., when the following business will be brought before the Meeting.

The confirmation of the following special Resolutions, passed at the General Meeting of the Shareholders, on the 9th January 1864, viz.:—

I.—"That ten Shareholders present in person, or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum at a General Meeting."

II.—"That the Directors shall have power to issue to existing Shareholders, and others, unallotted Shares of the original Capital of the Company, on such terms and to such an extent, as to them (the Directors) may seem advisable."

The appointment of an Auditor for the current year, in the place of Venayek Morojee Zaoba Esq. deceased.

R. H. WEBB SMITH, Secretary.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Late Supreme Court File.

EQUITY SIDE.

Cursetjee Hormusjee, Ruttonbaee, his Wife... ... ... } Plaintiff.

vs.

Framjee Manockjee... ... ... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in this Cause, and bearing date the twenty-ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; all persons claiming to be Creditors of Manockjee Muncherjee Gugrat, late of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant, the Intestate in the Pleadings named are peremptorily required either in person or by their Solicitors on or before the 16th day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, to come in and prove their claims before me at my Chambers, in Court-house, Bombay, or in default thereof, they will be excluded from the benefit of the said Decree.—Dated this 26th day of January 1864.

GEO. TAYLOR, Master in Equity.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

(Late Supreme Court.—Equity Side.)

Eduljee Dadabhoy and Nowrojee Dadabhoy, infants, by Ruttonjee Bomanjee Durash, their next friend... ... ...*Plaintiffs.*

vs.

Bhicoojee Widow and Relict and Administratrix to the Estate and Effects of Dadabhoy Cawasjee Mistry, deceased, Hormusjee Dadabhoy and Mancoojee Dadabhoy.*Defendants.*

In pursuance of a Decree or Decretal Order made in this Cause on the 2nd day of July 1863, the following unmoveable Property will be sold by Public Auction on the premises on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of February instant, at 12 o'clock afternoon, before William Henry Crawford, Esq., the Solicitor for the Complainants, and John Macfarlane, Esq., the Solicitor for the Defendants.

All that piece or parcel of Land or Ground with the Messuage or Tenement standing thereon, forming one Apartment in a Chawl or Range of seven Houses or Apartments, and built with stone and stone walls, and covered with tiles, situate, lying, and being, within the Fort of Bombay, in Borah Bazar Street, and which said Premises contain by admeasurement, ninety square yards and five-ninths of another square yard, be the same little more or less, and are bounded as follows—that is to say, on or towards the East by the Public Borah Bazar Street aforesaid, on or towards the West by the passage used as well by the Malabar-cooar Steepers of the said Premises as of those of the adjoining Tenements or Apartments, forming part of the said Range, on or towards the North by another Tenement or Apartment forming part of the same Range and now belonging to Sorabjee Cowasjee Powwalla, and on or towards the South by another Tenement or Apartment forming part of the same Range and now belonging to the Estate of the late Sorabjee Eduljee Powwalla, the walls separating the said Premises being partly walls, one moiety belonging to each party, and which said Premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 2355, together with the free use of the passage hereinbefore mentioned and of the well therein, in common with the tenants of the adjoining property...

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to W. H. Crawford, Esq., Solicitor for the Complainants, at his Office, in Rampart Row, and to J. Macfarlane, Esq., Solicitor for the Defendants, at his Office, in Forbes Street, Fort.

W. H. CRAWFORD.
J. A. MACFARLANE.

Bom bay, 10th February 1864.

FOR SALE.

CURRENCY TABLES FOR ENGLAND, INDIA AND CHINA.—FOURTH EDITION, PRICE Rs. 12-8.—TABLES OF EXCHANGE between England, India, and China, which is now the *Guide to Indirect Exchanges* between *China* and *India*, through *India*, extended to meet the requirements of *Shanghai Rates, Comparative Tables of Exchange between Hongkong* and *Shanghai* and *Hongkong* and *Manila*.

By HENRY RUTTER, Late Assayer of the Commercial Bank of India at Hongkong.

Bombay Gazette Office, Medow Street, Fort.

INDIAN DOMESTIC ECONOMY AND RECEIPT BOOK. Fifth Edition Revised. Comprising numerous Directions for Plain Wholesome Cookery, both Oriental and English, with much miscellaneous matter, answering for all general purposes of reference connected with Household Affairs, likely to be immediately required by Families, Messes, and Private Individuals, residing at the Presidencies or Out-stations. By the Author of "Manual of Gardening for Western India." Price Post Free, Rs. 10-4.

Bombay Gazette Office, 39, Medow Street, Fort.

LATEST ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS.

Home News, Jan. 4	Rs.	0 8
Overland Mail		0 8
Thacker's Overland News, Dec. 28 and Jan. 4		0 0
Army and Navy Gazette, Dec. 19 and Jan. 2		0 12
Naval and Military Gazette, Dec. 19 and Jan. 2		0 14
Mechanics' Magazine, Dec. 25 and Jan. 1		0 14
Mechanical Times, Jan. 2		0 8
Punch, Dec. 26 and Jan. 2		0 12
Leamington Spa Courier, Dec. 19 and 26		1 4
British Standard, Dec. 18 and 25		0 0
Illustrated London News, Jan. 2		0 10
Weekly Dispatch, Jan. 3		0 10
The Queen and Lady's Newspaper, Jan. 2		0 10
Bell's Life, Dec. 19 and 26, and Jan. 2		0 14
The Tablet, Dec. 26 and Jan. 2		0 10
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Bombay, 13th February 1864.

HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE FOR THE TOWN AND ISLAND OF BOMBAY.—Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Town and Island of Bombay, are hereby required that a Special Sessions of the Peace, will be held in the Durbar Room in the Town Hall, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 15th day of February, instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon precisely, to take into consideration

A letter from W. R. Cassels, Cowasjee Jehangeerjee, Geo. Inverarity, and F. F. Arbuthnot, Esquires, Justices of the Peace, dated 8th February instant, requesting me to convene a Special Sessions of the Peace at which Mr. W. R. Cassels will propose the adoption of the following resolution :—

"That Government be requested to appoint a Committee to enquire into the organization of the Municipal Commission and its relation to the Bench of Justices and to devise measures for a more perfect system of Conservancy and Municipal Administration in Bombay."

C. E. STANGER LEATHES, Clerk of the Peace.
Bombay, Town Hall, 15th February 1864.

CHESSON and WOODHALL'S MISCELLANY for February, 1864, contains—1, the Hon. FitzUrse his Tournament for Hal Green. 2, Darjeeling. 3, Ye Tren Lovers' Romance. 4, Strolls about Poona. IV. 5, The Autobiography of a Sepoy. Chapter XII. 6, Love's Promises. 7, Highland Regiments of the British Army. The 74th Highlanders. 8, The Red Lancers of Bundelkund. Chapter XI. 9, The Brooklet (from the German of Goeth:). 10, Our North West Frontier and the Hill Tribes. 11, Remarks on the Health of European Soldiers in India. 12, Rouse. 13, The Bombay Board of Censors: Minutes of Meetings in January. 14, Literary and Critical Notices. Grimm's Three Weeks in Majorca. Victor Hugo. Mary Lindsay. Sir Everard's Daughter. Losing and Winning.) 15, Military Summary for December. 16, Home Politics and Literature. Abstract of

POSTAL NOTICES.

MAILS for [illegible] Calicut, Cannanore, Mangalore and Honore will be closed on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock A. M.

MAILS for KURRACHEE and SCINDE.
The Mail for Kurrachee, Sind, and Persian Gulf, per Steamer *Kurrachee*, will be closed on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 6 A.M.

MAIL FOR KURRACHEE AND SCINDE.
The Mail for Kurrachee, Sind, and Persian Gulf, per Steamer *Kurrachee*, will be closed THIS DAY, at 6 A.M.

NOTICE.
The dates of departure of the P. and O. Company's mail steamers during the present year for Suez will be the 14th and 29th of each month at 10 A. M., except in the monsoon months when they will start on the 9th and 24th, commencing from the last month in May to the first month in September, both months inclusive.
The mail steamers for China will as heretofore leave Bombay on the 14th and 29th throughout the year at 9 A.M.

CALENDAR——FEBRUARY, 1864.
PHASES OF THE MOON.
Full Moon, Monday ..... 22nd 9h. 52m. P.M.

Days.	Dates.	Sundays, Festivals, &c.	Sun rises.	Sun Sets.	High water Bombay Harbour. Morn Even	Evening Gun-fire.
			h. m.	h. m.	h. m. h. m.	h. m.
Mon.	15	Mars rises at 3. 51m.	6 29	5 59	4 27 5 4	7
Tues.	16	Mars sets at 3h. 8m.	6 29	5 59	5 41 6 27	7
Wed.	17	Jupiter rises at 0. 7.	6 29	5 60	7 9 7 49	7
Thur.	18	Jupiter sets at 9. 38.	6 28	6 0	8 36 8 55	7
Fri.	19	Sadira rises 9h. 16m.	6 28	6 0	9 29 9 42	7
Sat.	20	Daryiek at 5h. 12m.	6 27	6 1	10 2 10 20	7
Sun.	21	2nd Sunday in Lent.	6 26	6 2	10 37 10 53	7

Time—7h. 30m. 56s.

UNDELIVERED MESSAGES.
Bombay Telegraph Department on the 14th February 1864.
Calcutta to Dossabhoy Carsetjee: Ahmedabad to Mohamlall Heerachund near Kalimungies Temple: Shikapore to Hurreeram Bhoja Nundlall: Shikapore to Mengray Tolseedass: Mooltan to Dadabhoy Manickjee care Fort Dangara Street: Calicut Malabar to Shalunder Abdool Reyman Bhoosary Royal: Secunderabad to Gokuldass Motecdass: Shikarpore to Dhurmjj Wadeechass Chelanee: Calcutta to Dayram Bhookundass: Mysore to Kaswjee Dhuranging, care of Ranjee Nathjee: Surat to Chota Saheb Bhoy Canda: Calicut Malabar to Megneeram Ahamedally Bareete Seid Bazar: Camaneer to Tarah Mirchandas Bombjee Jamshedjee: Ahmedabad to Thakur Nensey Morarjee in Chapel Gullee: Surat to Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee Omregar Dhobee: Broach to Merwanjee Framjee Bhaloo Hormasjee Pavare house: Sukkur to Nasumull Ahoojee: Kolhore to Sonamull Shop of Roopmull Nundalall: Kurrachee to Najar Maneel, care of Machmat Boolchund Chipeewada: Ahmedabad to Khudass Nerundass in Abhaichund Cullianchund: Ahmedabad to Thakur Ladabhai Heerjee.

LATEST DATES RECEIVED.

ADEN	Feb. 6	KURRACHEE	Feb. 3
AGRA	Feb. 6	LAHORE	Feb. 3
ALLAHABAD	Jan. 30	LONDON	Jan. 18
AUSTRALIA	Dec. 26	MAURITIUS	Dec. 5
ALEXANDRIA	Feb. 15	MALTA	Feb. 9
BANGALORE	Feb. 5	MALTA	Jan. 10
CALCUTTA	Feb. 6	MEERUT	Feb. 9
CAPE	Dec. 5	OUDH	Jan. 30
CEYLON	Jan. 30	PUNJAUB	Jan. 27
COCHIN	Feb. 5	PENANG	Jan. 24
DELHI	Feb. 9	RANGOON	Dec. 6
FRANCE	Jan. 29	SUEZ	Jan. 29
HONGKONG	Jan. 19	SINGAPORE	Jan. 22

The Bombay Gazette.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1864.

Few things strike a new-comer more than the utter absence of the æsthetics of life in Indian society, and nothing, we believe, has tended more to give that society the character for which it is almost proverbial of dulness. The thousand and one little elegancies that can be brought in to cover the nakedness of, and give a cheerful and refined aspect to, this poor sublunary life of ours, are in this country, for the most part, entirely ignored. To take one instance from many, who will deny the refining and enobling influence of art? who does not feel the better for studying even a good point of a great picture? Yet in India our ideas of art seem confined to a photographic album on the drawing-room table, and a few temporary engravings on the wall. When a man out here rises to a high position and can afford to make himself really comfortable, he often goes to great expense in furnishing his house. He will spend hundreds of pounds in fitting costly chairs and tables, but he seldom thinks of procuring a few good pictures or statues, and you will not often find in his rooms those articles of *virtu* which lend such an air of elegance and refinement. In Mr. Gladstone's magnificent Eloge of Wedgwood the other day he pointed out, with even more than his usual eloquence, the effect which a study of the beautiful even in trifling things has on life and manners. A few that in India we can only show the effects of a neglect of this study, in a certain hardness of tone and want of grace that is visible in our society.

Independently of the enervating effect of the Indian climate, two reasons may be assigned for this state of affairs. Most men spend the whole day at their offices, whether mercantile or government, are only emancipated in time to take a ride or drive, after which they return home to a late dinner so that their whole life is official. Besides this many in India declare that life in this country is not life at all, and only condescend to live that they may return home. Such men therefore never take any pains to make themselves comfortable while out here, but regard themselves somewhat in the light of travellers passing through this country en route to England.

With regard to the first of these reasons we would impress on our readers that this excessive officialism is the bane of India. Men who spend their whole lives in an office naturally come to circumscribe their views of life by the walls of their office. They can think of nothing else, and when they enter into conversation with a person who does not care about their one subject, or to whom, perhaps, it is distasteful, they are utterly at a loss for something to say. This is the feature of Indian society that every satirist and delineator of our manners has hit upon, in consequence of its prominence. We are always represented as having nothing to talk about but the "shop" of our several occupations, and we must own with a great deal of truth. It is much to be wished that some means could be devised to save us in this country from that constant work, unrelieved by any relaxation, which is proverbially the parent of dulness. Meantime we would impress on the victims of the system that they have it in their own power, in a great measure, to counteract the baneful effects of the system. If, in their few moments of leisure, they sedulously endeavour to cultivate and enlarge their mind, and if, to return to our text, they attend more to the æsthetics of life, they will find their views widened and themselves happier. Many men, we know, imagine they are benefiting their employers by giving up all their spare moments to their work. Those who are imbued with this idea, we are convinced, defeat their own object, and in time render themselves incapable of any thing but routine.

We confess that we never have any patience with those who talk about life in India not being worth having, and who declare that they merely vegetate here, and will not live till they get home. It is men like these and principles like these that in a great measure make life in India what it is. For people to be contented to pass the best part of their lives in a wretched manner, looking forward to a time that may never come, seems to us the height of infatuation. *Dum vivimus vivamus.* While we are in India let us endeavour to make the best of the country. Let us do our best to keep our mind cultivated and our manners refined. Those who are content to "vegetate" while out here overlook the fact that by so doing they render themselves incapable of enjoying English society, when they have attained the goal of their wishes and at last gone home. Society in England is daily becoming more refined, and the æsthetics are daily more studied and more thought of. Indeed the two facts, we firmly believe, stand to each other in the relation of consequence and cause. If therefore we wish to take our place in Society on our return home without feeling out of place and ill at ease, we cannot attain our object better than by assimilating the tone of Anglo-Indian to that of English society. To do this we ought to make use of the same means, and one of the chief means, we repeat again, is a due cultivation of æsthetics. "Man is the creature of circumstances," it has been said, and with some what of the apathy and fatalism of our oriental friends we seem in India to have resigned ourselves almost entirely to the control of the said circumstances. We cannot however do so long without degenerating, and surely we have enough spirit remaining to make us wish to avoid this fate. In these days of constant intercourse with England the task is a comparatively easy one, if we will only shake off our apathy and exert ourselves a little.

THE mails for Kurrachee will be closed at 6 A.M. this morning.

WE learn, with much satisfaction, that at the meeting of the Bombay Bench of Justices this afternoon the following amendment to the resolution to be proposed by Mr. Walter Cassels will be moved by Mr. L. H. Bayley :—

"That a Committee be appointed to enquire into the relation and powers of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Town and Island of Bombay, the organization of the Municipal Commission, and its relations to the Bench of Justices, and to suggest measures for a more perfect system of Conservancy and Municipal Administration in the Island of Bombay and in Colaba."

The pith of the amendment, it will be obvious to our readers, is to attain the end which Mr. Cassels desires by means of a committee which shall be nominated by the Bench instead of being appointed by Government.

WE are glad to learn that one of the reforms advocated by us in the present system of bringing the mails from Suez to Bombay is now in a fair way of being carried out. The Indian Navy having been abolished, the Bombay Government has, at the instance of its Postmaster General, consented to give up for the use of the P. and O. company's steamers the anchorage close to the Apollo Pier which was formerly used by the East India Company's ships of war. In return for this concession, the P. and O. Company has volunteered to send out from England and employ at its own charge in landing and shipping the mails a small steamer named *The Kelpie* which is now being got ready at home for this purpose.

THE *Mofussilite* hears from Mussoorie, under date the 6th, that the Body Guard had arrived at Deyrah, the following Officers being present: Major Delane, Lieutenants Peacock and Rochfort, and Veterinary Surgeon Batt. The Governor General and Staff have already taken houses for the season at Simla; so Mussoorie is *not* the favored spot after all.

THE *Delhi Gazette* is in receipt of letters from Cabul, bringing news to the 23rd ultimo.

The Ameer, having received intelligence that Sadut Khan Mommud was about to march against Jullalabad, ordered Sirdar Mohamed Alim Khan to intercept him.

The Ameer had been addressed by the British authorities at Peshawur, on the subject of the conduct of Sadut Khan, and his father Shahmurd Khan, in opposing the British power on the frontier. He was told that the Punjab Government viewed with displeasure the apparent interference of the Affghan governor, in the conduct of those two chiefs; and, further, that, unless immediate and effective measures to punish them were adopted, the friendship hitherto existing between the British and the Affghans would be endangered. Sirdar Mahomed Ruffeek Khan was immediately ordered to prepare and carry explanations to the British at Peshawur. A body of Khans, with his son Nourouz, are now prisoners in the hands of Sirdar Mohamed Alli Khan at Jellabad. Troops had been sent after Sooltan Khan; but he had made good his escape to the mountains.

THE same journal learns from Peshawur that the Commander-in-Chief's big camp arrived there on the 30th. After a field day at Chumkunnie, and a visit to Kohat, His Excellency returns shortly down country.

THE *Feroze*, with Lady Elgin on board, left Aden for Suez on the 20th of January at 7 A. M. The *Salsette* left on the 21st at 7 P. M. or 30 hours afterwards. She overtook the *Feroze* on the 26th, and on the 27th passed her, arriving in Suez fully three hours in advance. Lady Elgin proceeded to Alexandria by special train in His Highness the Pasha's state carriage, where a Government steamer awaited her arrival.

The fresh water canal is within a mile of Suez, where they are making a reservoir for fresh water in case of the Nile running low. The Nile water is now generally used by the inhabitants of Suez. Boats of light draught can now go right through the canal to Alexandria.

The Messageries Imperiales steamer *Donnai* left Suez on the evening of the 28th for Aden and China. The French transport *Japon* left at 3 P. M. on the 29th; she was passed off Shadwan by the *Salsette* at 6 P. M. on the 30th. On the same night signals were exchanged with the S. S. *Norna*, for Suez with the Mauritius Mails.

There were at Suez when the *Salsette* left the Messageries Imperiales steamers *Imperatrice* and *Scamandre*; two Medjidie steamers; the *Precursor*, and *Zeaobia* light ship. At Aden, H. M. steamers *Hornet* and *Dalhousie*; the S. S. *Indore*; and French steamer *Corieus*. The following coal ships had arrived: *Epaminondas*, Jan 3; *Diadem*, Jan. 5: *Clasmarden*, Jan. 25; *Algiers*, Jan. 30; *Etna*, Feb. 1; *Glenalva*, *May Queen*, and *Arcona*, Feb. 2; *John Parker*, Feb. 3. The *India*, country ship, from Calcutta on the 2nd of February.

The P. & O. Company's steamer *Bengal* had been thoroughly repaired, and was to go for a trial trip on the 8th or 9th, previous to her departure for Suez.

THE *Bombay Saturday Review* is printed in the same office with this paper, and, by one of the accidents thus rendered possible, the article that appeared in Saturday's *Gazette* on to-day's Meeting of Justices was substituted for another article on that subject which had been intended for the *Review* of the same date. The latter paper consequently reproduces our remarks, not as a quotation, but as an original leader of its own.

THE *Rast Goftar* on Telegrams from Alexandria:—"The mercantile community of Bombay was lately thrown into convulsions owing to the false telegram published in the *Times of India*, about negociations for peace in America. Report goes to say that three or four Bhatias, and one Parsee youth—the former call themselves merchants, and the latter is a broker to an European Firm in Bombay—are at the bottom of this mischief. And even within the short period during which the Americans had civil they have succeeded in reaping a rich harvest of rupees. It is a pity that such unprincipled scoundrelism should remain undetected and unpunished, and we are sincerely sorry that our contemporary of the *Times of India* should have allowed himself thus unwarily to be made a tool of by such villains. We lay no claim to much legal lore, but we are much mistaken nevertheless if the criminals—for such they are morally—have not committed the crime defined under the 463 Section of the Penal Code:—"Whoever makes any false document or part of a document, with intent to cause damage or injury to the public, or to cause any person to part with property, or to enter into any express or implied contract, or with intent to commit fraud, or that fraud may be committed, commits forgery."

As the case stands for the present—there cannot be the least doubt, that a false telegram was written and palmed off upon our gullible brother of the *Times*, as a genuine document worth the public to know. So this could have been only done with the view to enhance unwary merchants, and profit thereby. The only course to be adopted—and we wonder it has not been acted upon as yet—would seem to be, that the *Times of India* ought now more for its own sake than for the sake of others, to disclose the names of the swindlers who have succeeded in making him the butt of their villany. If for some reason or other, they escape the meshes of the law, it would be something to expose them to the world—and the mercantile community in particular—so that people may know in future whom they have to deal with. At present, they are secure, and are sure to revel in their nefarious practices. It need not be said that we try our best to find out reliable information on the subject—and if fortunate enough in hooking the rascals out with any thing like certainty we shall give out their names to the public.

THE *Hurkaru* says:—"The barque *Royal Alice*, bound for Dundee, and nearly laden, caught fire yesterday afternoon. The anchors having been slipped, she was grounded on the Seelpore side of the river, opposite Bankshall. The Howrah Railway Ferry steamer proceeded to her assistance, but could render no aid beyond giving an anchor and chain, as the vessel was hopelessly on fire. There appeared to be a sort of *Sauve que peut* feeling prevailing amongst the sailors at the offset, more than a display of exertion to extinguish the flames. We have not been able to ascertain the name of the contractors."

Since writing the above, we learn that the vessel had six thousand bales of jute on board, and that spontaneous combustion from damp was the cause of the accident. She was ready for sea, and was to have started this morning."

THE *Indian Banner*, criticizing the discussion on The Great Backbay Job, says:—"The *Times of India* has published a letter defending the secret grant, upholding the jobbers and concerning all sorts of benefits that will accrue to the community from the grant having been secured to Nicol & Co. (!) through their Honourable partner in Council. The grand signal, however, for the discussion was given by the *Times of India*, which came certainly with the tact and experience of an ably conducted journal, but which was soon found not to be unanswerable, and which has hitherto been best answered—not by the *Bombay Gazette*—but by the disfavour it has been met with by the merchants and capitalists in general. We cannot say for our part that we think the defence of the clandestine grant of land by Government in defiance of Sir Charles Wood's emphatic instructions to the contrary, which the *Times of India* felt it its duty to advance, was not needed by that journal, only we are of opinion that it would have achieved more good for itself if it had not been written so evidently from a favour-seeking point of view. It is true, the gauntlet had been thrown down upon one particular issue by the *Bombay Gazette* as the *crux* of the case against the Honorable Mr. Scott personally; but the *Times of India*, in defending with the fullest knowledge of Sir Charles Wood's instructions, and in the exercise of the most deliberate discretion, had refused to join issue thereupon, and virtually admitted the statement of the *Bombay Gazette* with all the consequences it might logically involve. There is no course open to the public, but to take what was so admitted, against the interest of the defence, as a matter of fact incapable of disproof. Upon the evidence laid before the public, not only are they perfectly justified in drawing the conclusion against all those connected with the secret giving away of Back Bay, but it is almost impossible to see how they can honestly return any other verdict than that which the *Bombay Gazette* returned."

The *Bombay Guardian* begins an article on the same subject with the following paragraph:—

"We think the people of Bombay have reason to rejoice in the prospect of a reclamation of Back Bay. The utilization of that large inlet is a matter to be much desired. Long enough the sea has dashed within sound of the western ramparts of Bombay, saying to this populous city, Thus far shalt thou come and no further. The ramparts are falling; the long pent-up city bounds westward, and the love of liberty growing by what it feeds on, it asks the Arabian Sea to make a little room for it. Let Back Bay be satisfied with the millions of cocoanuts (to say nothing of hundred-weights of sweetmeats and thousands of *taboots*) thrown into it; and recognizing the stubborn fact that a change has come over the spirit of the times, retire with its reminiscences to a more respectful distance. Bombay, even the old Bombay, had its primeval residence in the bottom of the sea, and living here nothing of *terra firma* save what was told it by the streams that availed themselves of its degradation to shake off their burdens upon it; and it is therefore altogether in accordance with the nature of things that those members of the family who have been left in the old country should be sent for to witness and participate in the opulence and incipient glory of the elder brothers."

This is fine writing with a vengeance. What follows is so tame in comparison as to remind one of the old schoolboy rhymes in illustration of bathos:—

The sun's perpendicular rays
Illumined the depths of the sea;
The fishes beginning to fry,
Cried: "Heaven, how hot we shall be!"

The job is thus defended:—"A man is a merchant, at the head of an old-established firm having great resources and an unflinching spirit of enterprize; such a one or the union of several such, is our hope for the accomplishment of undertakings like the one mentioned above. A man is a merchant, at the head of an old-established house, has the command of great resources, is possessed of a spirit of enterprize, is a man of influence, well versed in mercantile matters; such a one is naturally regarded as an eligible member of the Legislative Council. Does the fact that he has a seat in the Council of the State require him to abstain from every undertaking that requires for its accomplishment the means that are so peculiarly at his command? But it was just because of these that he has his seat there. What fits him for reclamation schemes, fits him to be a representative of the mercantile world in Council; and what fits him for this, qualifies him also for that. We are at a loss to discover anything incompatible in the two things."

We have no particular wish to press this matter against Mr. Scott personally, or against "the union of several such" as he, as the *Guardian* elegantly phrases it. But any man of common sense must see that a Councillor who accepts a secret grant from Government (of course, if the grant had been of no value, there would have been no necessity for keeping it secret) compromises thereby his independence, and consequently his power of serving the community whom he is supposed to represent. Men in Bombay seem to require to be taught the simple rudiments of representative Government.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(*Special for the Bombay Gazette.*)

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, 21ST JANUARY, MALTA, 22ND.

Denmark has refused the demand for withdrawal of the November constitution. The *Times*, however, mentions a rumour that Denmark has since yielded.

The Saxons and Hanoverians have withdrawn from the Schleswig Frontier, in order to allow free passage to the Austrians, who have commenced to march.

Fair Dhollera, guaranteed on the spot, 23d., dull.

December shipments, 22d.

7 lbs. 40 in. Shirtings, 17s. 6d. nominal.

Discount 8 per cent.

NEW YORK, 9TH JANUARY.

Active Confederate movements in the Shenandoah Valley and Western Virginia.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

ITALY.—PROCLAMATION OF GARIBALDI.

TURIN, 18TH JANUARY.

THE *Diritto* publishes an address from Garibaldi announcing the formation of a Committee to promote Italian union. He invites the Italians to rally round this centre, and to recognise its authority.

The *Diritto* has been seized, and the case will be brought before the Courts.

A despatch has been published from the Minister for Foreign Affairs to Chevalier Nigra accepting the propositions for a "restricted" Congress.

FRANCE.

PARIS, 17TH JANUARY.

Intelligence from well informed quarters confirms the report of great irritation existing here.

It is unquestionably the fact that the Emperor, unwilling to make any concession, cannot extricate himself from the present situation without striking out some new course.

The general belief is that either the reforms hitherto granted will be withdrawn, or that the decision will be for war. The latter course, satisfying the popular sentiment, would permit the Emperor to await a more favourable opportunity to make such concessions as may be thought advisable.

REVIEW OF THE AUSTRIAN TROOPS.

VIENNA, 18TH JANUARY.

The Emperor will review the troops destined for Schleswig tomorrow.

The troops will be forwarded on Wednesday divided temporarily into 40 separate trains of 1,000 men each by way of Breslau and Berlin.

SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN.

COPENHAGEN, 14TH JANUARY.

The Danish conscription law orders that every Dane, upon reaching his 22nd year, must present himself for service in the fleet. Each man incorporated in the army is first trained for sixteen weeks in drill and the use of arms, and has then to serve eight years in the line. Recently, the experiment has been made of confining the preliminary training period to six weeks, with very advantageous results. After accomplishing his eight years service, the soldier passes into the reserve, where he remains another eight years before he finally receives his discharge.

The army at present in Schleswig amounts to 30,000 men, and includes nearly all the Danish troops of the line. The 16,000 men recently called out belong almost entirely to the reserve, and as it is the intention of the Government to raise the standing force to 80,000 strong very shortly, the whole reserve will soon be under arms. Some 4,500 Holsteiners are all now contributed by the evacuated Duchy.

The population of the Danish Kingdom and Schleswig is a trifle over 2,000,000. In a short time therefore 5 per cent. will be in arms—a percentage larger than any European nation has known in this century, with perhaps the exception of Prussia in 1813. It may be supposed that numbers of men between the ages of 30 to 35 are married and that it will be a great loss and great hardship to the burden thereby imposed upon the country. Still it is borne by all with the greatest readiness, no such thing as a murmur being heard.

The Federal Commissioners in Holstein, whose task it is to govern the country impartially in the name of the sovereign, give unmistakeable proofs of their leaning against the Danes. Recently, when in Altona, they assured a deputation from Kiel that they would in no case give up Holstein deserters.

They are also reported to have declared they would not oppose the efforts being made from the side of Germany in favour of Prince Frederick. Officials remaining faithful to their allegiance are continually dismissed.

The following further despatches have been exchanged between Mr. Murray, the English Minister in Dresden, and Baron von Beust, the Saxon President of the Council, upon the Schleswig-Holstein question:—

MR. MURRAY TO BARON VON BEUST.

DRESDEN, 18TH JANUARY.

"I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of the note which your Excellency has addressed to me under date of the 5th instant, and which was handed to me upon the evening of the 6th. I have not failed immediately to forward a copy of it to Earl Russell, Minister for Foreign Affairs, in London.

"Although it will be the part of His Excellency to express himself subsequently upon the observations you have addressed to me in the above-mentioned note, I cannot allow them to pass entirely without reply, for fear your Excellency should think I admit their justice and validity.

"You will permit me to observe, in the first place, that the note I had the honour to address to you did not contain one word attacking 'the honour of the Saxon flag,' for if the English Government has found something blameable in the conduct of the German troops in Holstein, where they are placed in a country making part of the Confederation, and in which they have encountered no opposition, no attack is made upon the honour of their flag, for all the responsibility for their acts is attributed to the Commissioners charged by the Diet with the actual Government of the province where they are stationed. What was then the motive actuating Earl Russell to observe that their conduct in Holstein had been contrary to the resolution of the Diet as well as to justice? It appears to me that it is not difficult to find. The German troops entered Holstein to carry out a Federal execution ordered by the Diet; the object of this formal act was known by all Europe; it was to take possession of this province, and to govern it until certain differences existing between the King of Denmark in his quality as Duke of Holstein and the Confederation should be settled in a legal and satisfactory manner. This decree of the Diet imposed upon its officials, charged with the administration during the execution, the duty of exercising their functions with impartiality and rigid equity, and above all controlling the movements of hot and unreflecting persons, whose object was, under pretext of maintaining German rights, to overstep all the measures authorised by the Diet and to tread under foot the Treaty of 1852 signed by the five Great Powers of Europe. Let us see how the Commissioners have fulfilled these duties. The troops of the King of Denmark had scarcely withdrawn from Holstein, and the forces of the Confederation entered that duchy before the Prince of Augustenburg arrived, and caused himself to be proclaimed legitimate sovereign of the duchies of Schleswig Holstein in various places, without any opposition upon the part of the Commissioners, and (if the reports in the newspapers are to be credited) the acclamations of the Saxon troops were joined to those by which the Prince was greeted by the population of Holstein. I do not attempt, M. le Ministre, to prejudge the final solution which will decide the question of the succession in the Duchies, but I venture to affirm that the above cited facts give every impartial man a right to say that the Federal execution, as administered by the German authorities in Holstein, has been not only opposed to the order of the Diet but also to justice.

"Your Excellency is pleased to say that the conduct of the Federal troops in a country of the Confederation in which they are stationed, in consequence of a decree of the Diet, is a subject which in no degree concerns a foreign Government. This is a proposition which no one would have disputed if these troops and the authorities which direct their movements had kept themselves within the limits of their competence; but when they suffer that under their eyes a Prince who without their protection would not have been able to set foot in the country openly proclaims himself the sovereign of two Duchies long appertaining to the Danish Crown, and devolved upon the reigning king by a treaty signed by the five great Powers of Europe, Your Excellency will excuse me if I am unable to admit that this is a subject which in no degree concerns one of the Signitary Powers.

'As to the phrase in which Earl Russell mentioned Bavaria and Wurtemberg as partaking with Saxony the responsibility of the consequences which might result from the manner in which Federal execution has been carried out in Holstein, I ought to inform you that the note which I had the honour to address to you on the 5th instant was only the translation of a telegram which I had received from His Excellency; and although in messages sent by the telegraph it is the practice to give the outline of an idea, and not to state it in detailed explanation, I found no difficulty in understanding by means of the context the sense of the phrase in which Your Excellency conceives you have found a proof of ignorance of affairs passing in Germany. The responsibility which the phrase (as I understand it) attributed to Bavaria, Saxony, and Wurtemburg referred to the assistance which these three Governments have given to the pretensions of a Prince who has proclaimed himself Sovereign of the Duchies of Schelswig-Holstein before the question of his rights had been decided by competent authorities, by placing himself at the head of the movement in Germany which exercises a pressure upon the two great German Powers, and the object of which is to compel them to violate the obligations which they had contracted in signing the treaty of 1852 (to which the majority of the German states have also adhered or assented). Earl Russell considers that these three Governments partake a grave responsibility, and when His Excellency adds that if the troops of the Confederation invade Schleswig before the powers who signed the treaty of London have been able to make known their opinions upon this subject, the most serious consequences may result, there is not the slightest intention or idea of menace in his expressions. They constitute a simple affirmation of his opinion that this step might bring about consequences now unforeseen and dangerous to the repose and well being of Europe.

"Receive, &c.,
CH. A. MURRAY."

BARON VON BEUST TO MR. MURRAY.

DRESDEN, 10TH JANUARY.

"The note which you did me the honour to address to me upon the 8th instant reached me yesterday.

"I cannot sufficiently express my thanks for your extremely obliging conduct in thus explaining to me the real subject of the note which you were good enough to forward to me upon the 6th inst. It is impossible that I should not experience the most lively regret that I was not earlier placed in a position to understand it, that I might have replied in a manner more satisfactory to you as well as to myself. If I had known that your office extended to acquainting me with the objections that the Government of Her Britannic Majesty believes itself bound to make in relation to the manner in which the Federal Commissioners execute their task, I should have confined myself, as I do today, to requesting your obliging intervention in asking Earl Russell to address himself to the Diet. It is the part of that body to determine what effect it might in such a case think fitting to give to the representations of a foreign power.

"But, M. le Ministre, permit me to recall to your recollection that you alluded to reprehensible conduct on the part of the German troops, including therefore the Saxon troops in Holstein. A reproach of this kind strikes at military honour, therefore at the honour of the flag, and I owed it to the brave army of the King to repel the reproach with energy. You cite one single fact in its support. If this fact be correct, which remains to be confirmed, I have no doubt it will meet with disapprovals although it would not in any way justify the accusation of conduct contrary to justice. It is nevertheless my duty to repeat once more that, when Federal troops occupy a territory of the Confederation by order of the Diet, we cannot recognise the right of any foreign Government to demand in any quarter an explanation of their conduct.

"I trust I may hope that, after having laid my last note before Earl Russell, you will have the kindness to pursue the same course with the communication I have the honour to address to you today. Receive, &c. "BEUST."

THE AUSTRIAN AND PRUSSIAN ULTIMATUM.

(*From the Globe, Jan.* 18.)

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 18.

The *Dagbladet* of to-day says:—"The ultimatum of Austria and Prussia, delivered to the Minister for Foreign Affairs on Saturday, demands the restitution of the constitution of the 18th November before this day, and the temporary return to the *status quo* existing before its promulgation. What will happen if Denmark complies with this unjustifiable and brutal demand they do not state. If, on the other hand, the ultimatum should not be complied with, they threaten all the misfortunes at their command, commencing with the withdrawal of their ambassadors."

The *Dagbladet* goes on to remark:—"It is self-evident that no idea can be entertained of compliance with the ultimatum. What will happen then depends upon eventualities in Europe and Germany. We may observe that, in case of war, the German armies will require from three to four weeks to collect the necessary strength. By that time the Danish army will be larger than ever, and the fortified works be able to hold in check an enemy nearly twice as strong."

(*By Electric Telegraph.*)

GALLE, FEBRUARY 14.

Steamer *Columbus* from Liverpool anchored.

MADRAS, FEBRUARY 14.

Steamer *Nubia* from Calcutta anchored.

NEWS FROM AUSTRALIA.

GALLE, 14TH FEBRUARY.

ARRIVED steamer *Bombay* from Sydney 22nd, Melbourne 26th January, and King George's Sound, 1st February.

The reply of the Imperial Government to the remonstrance of Sir Charles Darling, against the resumption of transportation on a large scale to Western Australia, has been received, and it is said will be little satisfactory to the people of the Colonies.

The despatch of the Duke of Newcastle, it is stated, conveys no new assurance and will allay no single suspicion.

No military event of importance has occurred in New Zealand during the month.

A tribe of some importance (the Ngatiamaniopotos) still hold out.

Troops have been landed at Raglan, and are in complete communication with General Cameron, who is now engaged at the head-quarters of the conquered Maories, being in the construction of lines of redoubts across the country, the construction of roads, and the formation of Military settlements.

Coffee, limited sale. Sugar, prices run up. Metals good enquiry.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAIL OF 18th JANUARY.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer *Salsette*, Captain King, R. N., with the Overland Mails of the above date, arrived in harbour yesterday at half-past three o'clock. She left Suez on the 29th of January, and Aden on the 6th of February. She brings 569 packages of Cargo, and 3,641 boxes of specie. The following its the

LIST OF PASSENGERS.

From Suez.—Mr. C. Dallas; Revd. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson; Mrs. Schwartz; J. Rosen; and Mr. Cargill.

From Alexandria.—His Excellency Canto E. Castro.

From Marseilles.—Mr. and Mrs. Boswell; Captain Daniel; Mr. and Mrs. Wormald, and 2 children; Mr. Ward; Mr. Warland; Captain Nasmyth; Mrs. Osborn and infant; Mr. Sterndate; Lieut. Brown; Mr. Wright; Mr. and Mrs. Stewart; Mr. and Mrs. Hunt and child; Mr. and Mrs. Smith and infant; Mr. Bainbridge; Mr. Mordell; Captain L. Grant; Dr. and Mrs. Bunsteed; Mr. A. R. Grant; Hassum Hajee Luddah; Viadra Mahomed; Ardaseer Framjee; W. C. Ginn; Mr. Washington Irvine; Lieut. Harrison; Mr. F. Preston; Captain Holland; Lieut. and Mrs. Davies; Mr. and Rich.

From Southampton.—Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Walford; Mrs. King, and infant; Mr. J. Clark; Mr. A. J. Bond; Mr. W. Shipp; Mrs. Skinner and 2 children; Mrs. Spilling; Mr. J. S. Elmore; Mrs Andrews; Miss Macdougal Huggett; Mr. McKenzie; Cornet Thomas; Mr. Whiteley; Cornet Beville; Major and Mrs. Knight; Miss Crossley; Lieut. Turner; Mr. and Mrs. Vindlay; Mr. John Dixon; Mr. R. Ramsby; Apothecary Hudson, and Salvador Lobo; Mr. Peter Barlow; Mr. R. McKay; Mr. Geo. Guttridge; Mr. R. Emmerton; Mr. P. Crabb; Mr. J. Findlay; Mr. J. A. Langworthy; and Mr. E. Strike.

From Aden.—Colonel The Honble Thesiger; Dr. Higginbotham; Mrs. Thompson; Mrs. Governesbe; Mrs. Vaniar; Mrs. Whitler; Mr. Arcle; Mrs. Denton; and Mr. S. Symons.

HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.

The Memorandum of the Horse Guards on the Crawley court-martial has been issued. Colonel Crawley is reinstated in the command of the 6th Dragoons, and Major Swindley, Dr. Turnbull, and Lieutenant Fitzsimon are severely censured and removed from the regiment.

The Federal Diet have rejected the Prussian proposal for calling upon Denmark to suspend the common constitution; upon which Austria and Prussia declared that they would take the matter into their own hands. Count Rechberg is said to have issued a circular warning the Diet not to exceed its legal competency.

Austria and Prussia have addressed an ultimatum to Denmark, demanding the abrogation of the November constitution, and fixing the 18th January as the limit for the answer.

The Emperor of the French is said to have addressed a circular to the minor German Powers to the effect that the existing state of things, and not the London Treaty, must be the basis of the proposed Conference.

The speeches of Berryer, Thiers, and Jules Favre in the Corps Legislatif in vindication of political liberty have produced a considerable excitement in France.

The Princess of Wales and the infant Prince are progressing most favourably.

The following names appear in the obituary of the week:—

In her Majesty's Indian Service: General J. Abbatt, Royal (Bengal) Artillery—Capts. H. J. Hughes, Retired List, Bengal Army—W. R. Taylor, Esq., late Madras Civil Service—Lieut.-Col. T. Biddle, Retired List, Madras Army—G. Clarke, Retired List, Madras Army—A. D

Breslau on Jan. 16, at which the plans for running special trains to convey the Austrian troops were arranged. Prussian and Austrian officers have arrived there to superintend the operations. The transit of the Austrians through Prussia will begin on the 20th Jan., and last for several days.

The semi-official Berlin 'Nord-Deutsche Zeitung' of Jan. 16 says :—

During the last few days great activity has been shown by the military authorities in Berlin, in consequence of the resolution passed by the Federal Diet on the 14th Jan. The plan of military operations has been determined, with the assistance of Austrian officers. The Austrians will, it is said, avail themselves of the Lower Silesian Railway, and avoid passing through Saxony. The declaration of Saxony, at the sitting of the Federal Diet of the 14th Jan. will hardly prevent the entry of Austrian and Prussian troops into Schleswig as soon as the short delay has expired which is allowed by the *ultimatum* addressed to Denmark by the two great German Powers.

Duke Frederic received at Kiel a deputation of Holstein clergymen on January 16.

The Danes are reported to be busily engaged in the breaking up the ice upon the Schlei.

Count Rechberg, the Austrian minister, forwarded a despatch to the Austrian minister in Munich on the 10th January. He points out that Austria and Prussia could not allow themselves to be outvoted at the Federal Diet, and expresses a hope that the minor States will reunite with the two great Powers. The despatch ends by stating the conviction of the government that the Schleswig question will be brought to a solution with honour and profit or with disgrace and loss, according as Germany keeps within or oversteps the limits of legality.

The Baden ministry have determined that preparations shall be made for placing the army upon a war footing. The ministers at Vienna and Berlin have been instructed to make representations to the respective governments relative to the intended occupation of Schleswig.

AMERICA.

News from New York to the evening of the 5th January has been brought by the Asia. The following are the chief items :—

In an engagement between the Confederate batteries and the Federal gunboats at Charleston on the 25th December, the Marblehead was seriously damaged, and three of her crew killed and five wounded.

Washington despatches state there are indications that a Confederate force in the Shenandoah Valley contemplates a movement upon Winchester. Attacks have already been made upon the Federal pickets in that vicinity. General Butler has arrived at Washington to confer concerning the exchange of prisoners. The 'New York Times' asserts that the government will insist upon the recognition of General Butler by the Confederates, and will place all Confederate prisoners under his control.

The steamer Evening Star, from new Orleans on the 27th December, reports that the Federals, under General Fitzhenry Warren, captured Indianola, Texas, on the 30th of November. General Magruder had ordered all ablebodied slaves, together with horses, waggons, and other valuables, within 50 miles of the Texan coast to be removed into the interior, to prevent capture. The same steamer brings intelligence that one white and three coloured regiments, commanded by General Ullman, had embarked at Port Hudson on the 23d for operations on the Red River.

Advices from Key West, Florida, of the 29th announce the complete destruction by the Federals of the Confederate salt-works on St. Andrew's Bay, in that State. The Federals estimate the damage at 3,000,000 dollars. A party of sailors and marines totally destroyed the adjoining town of St. Andrew's.

General Burnside has again, at the earnest request of the President, withdrawn his resignation. General Stoneman has been relieved from the command of the Cavalry Bureau at Washington, and been appointed chief of cavalry under General Grant.

Four negroes called at the Executive mansion on New Year's-day, and were presented to Mr. Lincoln. This is the first occurrence of the kind in American history.

The weather for some days past had been severely cold, particularly at the West. The temperature at St. Louis was 24 degrees below zero, so that pedestrians, horses, and vehicles can cross the Mississippi. Several persons, a number of whom were Confederate prisoners, have been frozen to death, also great numbers of cattle.

SPAIN.

The Spanish ministers have resigned in consequence of an adverse vote in the Senate on the bill for constitutional reform. The queen has accepted their resignation; but it is believed that she will find it difficult to form a permanent and powerful Cabinet.

EAST INDIA AND COLONIAL.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE GRANTED.

Lieut.-Col J. Forbes, C.B. Bombay Cavalry 6 mos.
Capt. F. Bell ..... „ Staff Corps 6 „
Capt. C. W. Wigney ..... „ „ 6 „
Capt. G. R. Bellamore ... „ Invalids 6 „
Surgeon W. J. Stuart..... „ „ 3 „

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

Conductor A. Norman ... Bombay N. I.

THE ARMY.

CHANGES AND PROMOTIONS IN HER MAJESTY'S ARMY.

WAR-OFFICE, JANUARY 8.

6th Regiment of Dragoon Guards.—Captain and Brevet-Major John Robertson Turnbull, from 18th Hussars, to be Captain, vice Arthur George Smith, who exchanges.

4th Hussars.—Lieutenant Alexander Fair Jones to be Captain by purchase, vice William Hone Davis, who retires; Cornet William Smith Cooke to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Jones.

12th Lancers.—Gentleman Cadet Ambrose Clement Wolseley Cox, from the Royal Military College, to be Cornet by purchase, vice John Brooke Maher Canum, who has retired.

18th Hussars.—Captain Arthur George Smith, from 6th Dragoon Guards, to be Captain, vice Brevet Major Turnbull, who exchanges.

Royal Artillery.—Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Vincent Bowie to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice George Elliot Voyle, removed to the Supernumerary List; Second Captain, George Oliver Rybot to be Captain, vice Bowie; Lieutenant Edward Charles William Rayne Mansfield to be Second Captain, vice Rybot; Gentleman Cadet George Plunkett to be Lieutenant, vice Baker, promoted; Riding Master George Louis Wilkinson, from 3rd Madras Light Cavalry, to be Riding Master, vice Alexander Wilson Alexander White, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Thomas Rhys, deceased; Staff Assistant-Surgeon Charles Dodgson Madden to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice James Balfour Cockburn, M.D., promoted in the Royal Engineers.

Royal Engineers.—Assistant Surgeon James Balfour Cockburn, M.D., from the Royal Artillery, to be Surgeon, vice Surgeon-Major John Summers, M.D., appointed to the Staff.

Military Train.—Ensign Charles Kennett, from 3rd West India Regiment, to be Ensign vice Benjamin Simmer, promoted; Sergeant-Major John Morehouse to be Ensign, vice Andrew John Saunders, transferred to the 84th Foot.

Grenadier Guards.—Captain Henry Martin Cornwall Legh, from 25th Foot, to be Lieut. and Captain by purchase, vice the Hon. Norman Leslie Melville, who exchanges.

Coldstream Guards.—Lieut. and Captain the Hon. Edward Henry Legge to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant and Captain the Hon. Richard Monck, promoted.

Scots Fusilier Guards.—Lieutenant and Captain William John Rous to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel by purchase, vice David Hunter Blair, who retires; Ensign and Lieutenant Jocelyn Henry Watkins Thomas to be Lieut. and Captain by purchase, vice Rous; Ponsonby Bagot, gent., to be Ensign and Lieutenant by purchase, vice Thomas.

3rd Regiment of Foot.—Ensign Edward Girdlestone Graham to be Lieut. by purchase, vice John Augustus Vivian, who retires. The appointment of Ensign Russell which appeared in the 'Gazette' of September 8, 1863, to be in succession to Ensign Andrew Jackson, promoted; John Gould, gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice Graham.

4th Foot.—Lieutenant Charles Edward Billing to be Captain by purchase, vice Thomas Sheppard, who retires; Ensign Edgar Mostyn Keane to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Billing; John Beaufin Irving, gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice Keane.

6th Foot.—Gentleman Cadet James Edward Barton, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice George Malcolm Fox transferred to the 10th Foot.

11th Foot.—Captain Frederick Torrens Lyster to be Major by purchase, vice Ellis James Charter, who retires; Lieutenant Alexander Miller Arthur to be Captain by purchase, vice Lyster; Ensign Edward Lee Street to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Arthur; John Fane Ballard, gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice Street; Lieutenant Thomas George Miles to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Alexander Miller Arthur, promoted.

13th Foot.—Lieutenant Edward Lutwyche England to be Captain by purchase, vice Coningsby M. Haward, who retires; Ensign John Francis Bellis to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice England; Denis Alexander Shyne Lawlor, gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice Bellis.

10th Foot.—Lieutenant John Low to be Captain by purchase, vice Henry P. Shafto Orde, who retires; Lieutenant William Campbell Colquhoun to be Captain by purchase, vice Thomas Eccles Dickson, who retires; Ensign Charles John Burnett to be Lieutenant by purchase vice Low; Ensign Robert Hill Wyllie to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Colquhoun; William Francis Mailland Kirwan, gent., to be Ensign by purchase vice Burnett; Henry Bonnor Maurice, gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice Wyllie.

18th Foot.—Lieutenant Richard William E. Dawson to be Captain without purchase, vice Alfred Macdonald, deceased; Ensign Charles Orchard Corbett to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Dawson; Lieutenant Falcon Peter Leonard, from the 65th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Croft, who exchanges; Gentleman Cadet George Crichton Jenkins, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Cornish.

23rd Foot.—Gentleman Cadet Samuel John Dunlop, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Thomas Cummings' deceased.

25th Foot.—Lieutenant and Captain the Hon. Norman Leslie McGrille, from the Grenadier Guards, to be Captain, receiving the difference, vice Legh, who exchanges.

31st Foot.—Ensign Richard Langford Leir, from the 39th Foot, to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Colin Campbell M'Intyre, cashiered by the sentence of a general court-martial, but allowed to receive the value of his commission.

35th Foot.—Ensign John Claxton Addison to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice William Angier Brook, whose promotion by purchase on the 22nd of September 1863, has been cancelled; Gentleman Cadet William John Vousden, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice William Angier Brock, deceased.

39th Foot.—Henry Dean, gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice Richard Landford Leir, promoted by purchase in the 31st Foot.

65th Foot.—Lieutenant Lionel Smith Warren to be Captain without purchase, vice Richard Swift, killed in action; Ensign William Byam to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Warren; Colour-Sergeant Edward M'Kenna to be Ensign without purchase, vice Byam; Lieutenant William Thomas Croft, from the 18th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Leonard who exchanges.

71st Foot.—Gentleman Cadet Cecil Hanmer Bunbury from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Charles Balfour Murray, deceased.

2nd Foot.—Lieutenant James Athol Bock to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant William Reeves-Bunbury, who resigns the appointment.

90th Foot.—Colour-Sergeant James Henry Jackson to be Ensign without purchase, vice Nolan, promoted.

100th Foot.—Ensign George Malcolm Fox, from 6th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Richard Barclay, whose appointment has been cancelled.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Major John Summers, M.D., from the Royal Engineers, to be Staff Surgeon-Major, vice William Alexander White, M.D., appointed to the Royal Artillery.

Staff-Surgeon Eneas Mackintosh Macpherson, having completed 20 years' full-pay service, to be Staff-Surgeon-Major, under the Royal Warrant of October 1, 1858.

Staff-Surgeon David Ried Machinnon, having completed 20 years' full-pay service, to be Staff Surgeon Major, under the Royal Warrant of October 1, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Byng Thomas Girard, M.D., supernumerary in the 31st Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice Charles Dodgson Madden, appointed to the Royal Artillery.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Hammerton Cramp, M.D., has been permitted to resign his commission.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Will Holmes has been permitted to resign his commission.

The second Christian name of Staff Assistant-Surgeon Oliver is Hatner, and not Horner, as stated in the 'Gazette,' of the 7th of April, 1863.

UNATTACHED.

Lieutenant Vincent Applin, from the Military Train, to be Captain without purchase.

Ensign W. Willcocks, on the Unattached List of her Majesty's Bengal Army, to be Lieutenant Bengal Establishment.

BREVET.

Colonel John St. George, C.B., Royal Artillery, lately serving as President of the Ordnance Select Committee with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General, to have the local rank of Major-General while holding the appointment of Director of Ordnance.

Paymaster George Thompson, half pay, late 21st Foot, to have the honorary rank of Major.

Paymaster William Handasyde Buchanan, 7th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Captain.

The undermentioned officers having completed the qualifying service in the rank of Lieut.-Colonel, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of October 14, 1858, to be Colonels :—

Lieut.-Colonel James Dodington Carmichael, C.B., 94th Foot.

Lieut.-Colonel Frederick Green Wilkinson, Depot Battalion.

Lieut.-Colonel William Albert Stratton, half-pay late 6th Foot, Deputy Quarternaster-General, Mauritius.

Lieut.-Colonel William Henry Seymour, C.B., 2nd Regiment Guards.

Lieut.-Colonel Arthur George Vesey, 46th Foot.

Lieut.-Colonel William Radcliff, 75th Foot.

Lieut.-Colonel John Cormick, 20th Foot.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Wellesley Thomas, C.B., 67th Foot.

WAR-OFFICE, JANUARY 12.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Commissary-General William James Tyrone Power, C.B., to be Commissary-General-in-Chief, vice John W. Smith, C.B., retired.

WAR-OFFICE, JANUARY 15.

4th Hussars.—Arthur Brandreth Corrie, gent., to be Cornet by purchase, vice William Smith Cooke, promoted.

Royal Artillery.—Gentleman Cadet Philip Henry Moubray to be Lieutenant, vice Raynsford, promoted; Gentleman Cadet John Henry Murray to be Lieutenant, vice Villiers, killed in action; Sergeant-Major Oliver Ormes to be Riding-master; Sergeant-Major William Johnston to be Riding-master; Sergeant Alexander Webster to be Riding-master. The services of Veterinary Surgeon Greatorex Naden, half-pay, have been dispensed with from November 5, 1862.

Royal Engineers.—The undermentioned gentlemen cadets to be Lieutenants with temporary rank ;—Francis Mascall, vice Burton, promoted; John Townsend Bucknill, vice Faber, promoted; Elliott Wood, vice Hillis, promoted; Henry Bladale, vice Penny, promoted; Johnson William Savage, vice Watts, promoted; Hendley Paul Kirkwood, vice Champain, promoted; Frank Vincent Corbett, vice Twigge, promoted; Arthur Granville Clayton, vice Pemberton, promoted; John Walter Ottley, vice C. C. M. Mackenzie, deceased; Sydenham John Lambert, vice Thorold, promoted; Charles Thomas Harrison, vice M'Clure, resigned.

Military Train—Captain and Brevet-Major James Henry Wyatt, C. B., to be Major, vice Joseph Sali, deceased; Lieutenant Lynch John Keogh to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major James Henry Wyatt, C.B.; Ensign James Simpson to be Lieutenant, vice Keogh.

4th Regiment of Foot.—Gentleman Cadet Henry Moore, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Reginald Carey Amesley, transferred to the 79th Foot.

5th Foot.—Ensign William Fraser, from the 61st Foot, to be Quartermaster, vice Bryan Stratford, who retires upon half-pay.

56th Foot.—Gentleman Cadet Frederick John Curtin, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Arthur Adolphus L. F. Levert, transferred to the 61st Foot.

61st Foot.—Ensign Arthur Adolphus L. F. Levert, from the 56th Foot, to be Ensign, vice William Fraser, appointed Quartermaster 15th Foot.

67th Foot.—Gentleman Cadet Arthur Fishe, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Herbert Reid Leupriere, promoted.

71st Foot.—Lieutenant Robert Lewis to be Captain without purchase, vice Charles Francis Smith, killed in action; Ensign Hugh Fraser to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Lewis; Gentleman Cadet Charles Boswell Norman, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Fraser.

78th Foot.—Lieutenant Henry B. Savory to be Captain without purchase, vice Frederick Henry Valsh, who retires; Ensign Edward Pakenham Stewart to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Savory; Gentleman Cadet Bertie George Jarvis, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign by purchase, vice Stewart.

79th Foot.—Ensign Walter Douglas Somerset Campbell to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Thomas Ballard Dougal, killed in action; Ensign Reginald Carey Annesley, from the 4th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Campbell.

92nd Foot.—Gentleman Cadet George Chalmers, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Charles Stuart Forster Alleyne, deceased.

Rifle Brigade.—Lieutenant Lewis Percival to be Captain by purchase, vice Hector Stewart Vandeleur, who retires; Ensign the Hon. Edward Courtenay Vaughan to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Percival; Montagu Brook Wilbraham Taylor, gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice the Hon. Edward Courtenay Vaughan.

1st West India Regiment.—Ensign Christian Brandford Steward to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Thomas Nicholson, who retires.

5th West India Regiment.—John Baptiste De Packh, Esq., late Lieutenant 4th Regiment British German Legion, to be Paymaster.

CAVALRY DEPOT (MIDSTOKE).

Captain Thomas E. Anderson, half-pay, late 24th Foot, has been permitted to resign the Adjutancy.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Peter Davidson, M.D., to be Staff-Surgeon.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Robert Williams, M.D., to be Staff-Surgeon, vice Francis Lewis FitzGerald, deceased.

Assistant-Surgeon George McGusty Carolan, from 72nd Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice Thomas Robert Williams, M.B., promoted on the Staff.

Assist.-Surgeon Richard Henry, from 91st Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice Peter Davidson, M.D., promoted on the Staff.

Thomas Moriarty, gent., to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon.

BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel John Henry Lefroy, Royal Artillery, to have the temporary rank of Brigadier-General while serving as President of the Ordnance Select Committee.

Lieutenant-Colonel Percy Archer Butler, 28th Foot, having completed the qualifying service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, under the provisions of the royal warrant of the 14th of October, 1858, to be Colonel.

Second Captain and Brevet-Major Robert Biddulph, Royal Artillery, to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Captain Henry Wray, Royal Engineers, to have the local rank of Major while employed in Japan.

Quartermaster Bryan Stratford, half-pay, late 15th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Captain.

WAR-OFFICE, JANUARY 12.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve the undermentioned promotions and alterations of rank among the Officers of the Staff Corps, and of her Majesty's Indian Military Forces :—

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

ADMISSION.

Captain Arthur Henry Curtis, of the 2nd Native Infantry. Nov. 11, 1852.

PROMOTION.

Captain Arthur Henry Curtis, to be Major. Feb. 25, 1861.

BOMBAY ARMY.

Late 31st Native Infantry.—Captain Montague John Battye to be Major; Lieutenant Charles Donald Macleod to be Capt., in succession to M'Culloch, retired. July 19, 1863.

GENERAL LIST OF INFANTRY OFFICERS.

Ensign Stanley Carter to be Lieutenant, in succession to Shewell (23rd Native Infantry), deceased. July 27, 1863.

Ensign Harry Trevor Bulkley to be Lieutenant, in succession to Taylor (22nd Native Infantry, Staff Corps), deceased. Aug. 26, 1863.

ALTERATION OF RANK.—GENERAL LIST OF INFANTRY OFFICERS.

Lieutenant Macclesfield Forbes Cousmaker, to take rank from July 19, 1863.

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 18.

Bank and Mercantile Bills on Calcutta and Madras, 60 days' sight, 2s. ; 30 days', 2s. 0½d. : Bombay, 2s. 0¼d. to 2s. 0⅜d.

Five per Cent. Rupees Paper, 105½ : Ditto Five-and-a-Half, 114.

Indian Five per Cents., 105¼ to 108.

Consols for Money, 90¾ to 90⅞ ; for February account, 90⅝ to 91.

Bank of England rate of discount 7 per cent.

Money Market tightening.

Stock Markets unsettled.

Produce Markets steady. Silk again lower. Tea steady. Indigo firm. Sugar dull and lower. Rice quiet. Saltpetre more active. Jute flat Cutch 25s. 6d. per cwt. Shellac dull.

Coffee.—Plantation Ceylon, middling, 75s. 6d. to 81s.; good middling, 81s. 6d. to 84s. ; fine middling, 86s. to 89s. per cwt. Market very firm.

Linseed firm. Calcutta, 53s. to 57s. ; Bombay seeds, 61s. to 62s. Rapeseed firm. Calcutta, 53s. ; Bombay, Guzerat, 61s.

Cocoa-nut Oil quiet at £43 for Ceylon, and £46 10s. for Cochin.

Metals.—Tin has advanced to £122 for fine Straits ; Spelter, £20 to £21. Market dull.

Liverpool Cotton.—Middling New Orleans, 28d. per lb.; fair Broach, 23½d. ; fair Dhollera, 23d. Market quiet but firm.

Manchester Market.—Grey shirtings, 40-inch, 7 lbs., 18s. to 18s. 6d. per piece ; 84 lbs., 22s. to 22s. 6d. Madapollams, 32-inch, 5 lbs., 7s. 9d. Mule-twist No. 40 best seconds, 35d. per lb. Market quiet.

EUROPE SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS FROM BOMBAY.

Jan. 12, Zoboah, Powell, at Liverpool.
„ 13, Defiance, Symons, at Deal.
„ 14, Duke of Newcastle, M'Kenzie, at Liverpool.
„ 18, Mary Sparks, at Liverpool.
„ 18, Gertrude.

DEPARTURES FOR BOMBAY.

Jan. 1, Clifton Belle, Bird, from Liverpool.
„ 4, Catherine Rankin, M'Millan, from Gravesend.
„ 5, Alicia, Andrews, from Liverpool.
„ 6, Anna Dorothea, Smith, from Milford.
„ 6, Southern Belle, Dunstoun, from Liverpool.
„ 6, Sir C. Napier, Bell, from Liverpool.
„ 7, Henry Fenn, from Liverpool.
„ 7, Belle Isle, Webster, from Liverpool.
„ 7, City of London, Ferguson, from the Clyde.

ARRIVALS FROM KURRACHEE.

Jan. 11, Jessica, Fergusson, at Deal.
„ 14, Loretto, M'Leod, at Gravesend.
„ 14, James Wilson, Shepherd, at Gravesend.

DEPARTURES FOR KURRACHEE.

Jan. 3, Tamar, Stapleton, from Liverpool.
„ 14, Mogul, Laughton, from Gravesend.

VESSELS SPOKEN WITH.

British Empire, for Bombay, Dec. 28, lat. 45.40. long. 11. Diamond, Sunderland to Kurrachee, Sept. 19, lat. 2 N., long. 19 W.

Frenchman, Liverpool to Bombay, Dec. 2. lat. 26 S., long. 9 W.

Futtay Sultan, Liverpool to Bombay, Nov. 1, lat. 38 S., long 25 E.

Montrose, Liverpool to Bombay, Dec. 2. lat. 7 N. long. 25. W.

Newton, Liverpool to Bombay, Oct. 30, lat. 37 S. long. 18 E.

LATEST ADVICES FROM INDIA.

CALCUTTA	Dec. 9	Received via Marseilles.	Received via Southampton.
MADRAS	„ 14		
BOMBAY	„ 14		
BURMAH	„ 1		
HONG KONG ...	„ 1	Jan. 11.	Jan. 15 and Jan. 18.
SHANGHAI	Nov. 24		
CEYLON	Dec. 17		
SINGAPORE.....	„ 8		
PENANG	„ 10		

NEWS-LETTERS.

(From our Own Correspondents.)

KURRACHEE, 10TH FEBRUARY.

ANOTHER steamer, belonging to Government, was launched yesterday morning at Keamaree. The vessel was named the *Talpore*, and has been built expressly for the conveyance of troops up the river Indus. All the Government officials were present at the scene, the arrangements having been made under the direction of Mr. Nash, Superintendent of the Keamaree Building yard. A fatal accident has occurred on the Sind line. It appears, according to a local paper, that a lot of Bunyas were attempting to push a waggon along the rail at the Kotree terminus, and one had the temerity to get on its top, but, losing so, lost his footing and fell, the car falling over his head. The severe injuries he received terminated in the unfortunate man's death.—The first Criminal Sessions of Kurrachee for 1864 commenced last Monday, and terminated to-day. The Calendar was an unusually light one, there having been only five cases, including, however, two murder cases. In the first case, four Burkandazes of the Police were charged with having killed one, and wounded another convict, while they were attempting to escape from the guard at the quarry works. The havildar of the guard, on hearing of the escape of the man, directed them to "beat" and throw stones at them, but to capture them by any means. At the trial, the prisoners with much ingenuity, attempted to construe the meaning of the word *marroo* (to beat) into an order to *kill*. The first two were, however, after a very patient investigation, found guilty of the offence of culpable homicide, not amounting to murder, and sentenced to two years of causing grievous bodily hurt, and sentenced to five and three years each respectively. The other case was that of child murder by strangulation. The prisoner pleaded guilty this morning, and was sentenced to be hanged; but the Judge remarked that his case would be sent up to the Sudder Court with a recommendation to mercy. He had threatened to murder the child some two years ago, on account of the mother's denial that he was the father of the child, and it was just possible that the matter prayed upon his mind, and that, while labouring under morbid excitement, he committed the deed. The other cases were: one of house breaking, in which the prisoner was sentenced to seven years' penal servitude; one of trespass and attempt to cause grievous hurt; the prisoner was convicted and sentenced to fifteen months' confinement in the Sudder Jail with hard labour. In the case of robbery, the prisoner was acquitted. The evidence of the complainant and his servant, who were sleeping together in one room where the prisoner was said to have entered, was very conflicting; the Court remarked that it was evident that there was a conspiracy at the bottom of the case, and, were it not that evidence was wanting, they would be probably in the dock on a charge of perjury. The Kotree Jetta Sessions commence on the 18th and 25th instant respectively; two cases are to be tried at the former, and one (of murder) at the latter.

The Commissioner and Staff are now in Upper Sind, in Sukkur, and I believe they move on to Shikarpoor, Jacobabad, Larkhana and Mehur, and then return to Kotree; after which they will take the tour of the Kurrachee districts.

KURRACHEE, 10TH FEBRUARY.

THE new tug-steamer *Sind* left port with Mr. Walton, Superintendent of the Mekran Telegraph on board, on Saturday, the 6th instant, and reached Gwadur on Monday. She proceeded to Cape Mussendom yesterday to join the ships which have gone there to begin the work of laying down the Persian Gulf cable. The *Sind* will not go beyond the Cape, I believe, and takes out some five miles of cable in case of need, and provisions for the working parties. Cape Mussendom is on the Arabian side, and is the fourth cable link, if I may so call it, from Kurrachee, now that it has been determined to lay a sub-marine line from Keamaree to Cape Monze, and thence to Gwadur, to connect with the cable originally intended to run from that point to the head of the Gulf at Shatel-Arab. The following few particulars respecting this cable may not be uninteresting to you. Its length, *i.e.* to Gwadur, is 1,250 nautical miles. The first section from Shat-el-Arab to Bushire 170 miles long, and will lie in from 20 to 25 fathoms of water; the second from Bushire to Cape Mussendom, 440 miles long, in from 30 to 34 fathoms of water; and the third, from the Cape to Gwadur, 400 miles long, will be laid in the deepest water, that is, in from 40 to 50 fathoms. From Gwadur to Cape Monze, or Ras Mooaree, which forms the western extremity of the Sind territories, is not quite 250 miles, and from Keamaree to the Cape about 50; this is as near as I can make it according to the chart, as I have no other means at hand of ascertaining the distance. The land line from Kurrachee to Gwadur is 409 miles in length, but this is owing to the necessity of following the variations of the Mekran coast. I suppose the two hulks building in Bombay to form stations up the Gulf for the use of the working parties, whose safety on shore would be exposed to danger at the hands of the predatory tribes of Arabs who abound in those parts, will soon be ready for their destination. It has been resolved, it seems, to provide each of these vessels with 50 Enfield rifles and 5,000 rounds of ammunition, and revolvers and side-arms. This is no doubt a precaution in case of attack from the pirates who, if you will remember, threaten all the Red Sea working parties at the Kooria Mooria Islands, some three years ago. One hulk is to be stationed at Cape Mussendom or Khasap and the other at Shat-el-Arab, at the head of the Gulf. I have endeavoured to get at the particulars of the attack which you mentioned in a recent *Gazette* having been made by Arabs upon the artificers and others employed in running the land-wire from Bagdad to Bussora, but have been unable to discover whether there is even any foundation for the report. The intelligence could only have come by the Gulf steamers. It is quite possible, it is correct, and that it will be denied or kept as quiet as the news of the danger if the Mekran Telegraph people was kept—to be alluded to hereafter, in the report which will announce the completion of operations, as an additional feather in the cap of those entrusted with their execution.

Mr Erskine, Collector of Kurrachee, came in from the Districts in time to be off to Bombay by the first steamer in March, on his way on three years' furlough to England. Major Southey, the Senior Deputy Collector in the collectorate, will take over charge of the office, should Colonel Goldsmid not be back from his mission to the Persian Gulf.

From the interior I hear that three men, some day last month, got into a quarrel over some land, when one of them named Rawut struck another named Aroo with the head of a hatchet and inflicted such a severe wound that the latter died shortly after.

A most extraordinary affair is reported to have occurred at Kotree in broad daylight, last Saturday. A native boat anchored at the Railway wharf, and, half loaded with iron for the Punjab line, took fire, and had to be scuttled and sunk to prevent the flames communicating to the other boats. This must have been done very carelessly, for a native woman and child who were on bord sunk with the boat.

Colonel Tremenhere, Chief Engineer in Sind, left his Camp at Sukkur, and came down the other day on a flying visit to meet Mr. Parkes, upon whose suggestions the works carried on in our harbour were undertaken, and consult with him as to the silting up of the bar towards the harbour instead of seaward—an unpleasant circumstance which attracted Major-General Scott's attention when he was here, about a year ago, and which led him to direct that charts of the depth of water should be taken in March and October so as to watch the operation of the silting closely. It is to be hoped our harbour has not been seriously damaged by these well-meant works. Mr. Hardy Wells, well known for his engineering skill, predicted as much, however, and reminds government of his sagacity through one of our local journals.

The Small-pox, I am sorry to say, is as bad as ever. Twenty-six deaths are reported during the past week, one of the victims is a Mr. Cope, an employé in the Sind Railway workshops; an excellent workman, and active member of that excellent thing—the "Scinde Railway Institute."

It may be useful to your Commercial readers to know, as I am just informed by a letter from Lahore, that the undermentioned Punjab Railway telegraph stations are now open between Lahore and Mooltan, for the use of the public :—

Lahore, Raluvind, (26 miles from Lahore) Meean Meer, Ookarah, (12 miles from Googaira,) Attaree, Cheekawatree, (14 miles from Hurruppa) Umritsur, Mooltan, and Shershah, the Bunder on the Chenab. The charges are at the Government Telegraph rates.

The first party of men from corps serving in Sind and Punjab will start England-to-morrow in the *Star of India*. It comprises 135 time-expired men, 150 invalids, 21 women and 26 children. There will pass a great number of men though Kurrachee this year, *en route* to England. Already 456 men, 32 women and 50 children have come down the Punjab; and about 300 more men are doubtless on their way down the Indus from the Peshawur Division. This last party is the first that has been conveyed from Mukhud, on the Upper Indus, in the Punjab Flotilla boats.

A party of 30 convicts from the Punjab came in yesterday, for transmission to the Andaman Islands.

CALCUTTA, 6TH FEBRUARY.

THE domestic occurrence in the royal circle is of course the prominent topic of conversation in the loyal minds of Her Majesty's lieges of Calcutta, but I suspect the 'Hockey-on Horseback' return match between the Munipoories and Europeans played on the Maidan this evening has shared with it for the last day or two a good deal of popular interest. In our languid state the arrival of a band of children of nature (dressed by the way very much after the maternal style), mounted on steeds scarcely less unadorned and unspoilt by culture, has worked up an excitement one could hardly give the Qui-hyes credit for. The first set to between Nature and Art took place on Saturday last, when in five encounters running the wild regiment ran the ball through their goals with the greatest possible ease. From the start it was all Lombard Street to a China Orange against the Europeans, who came up again and again only to suffer the most terrible defeats. This evening there was even less reluctance than before. In some quarters savage visitors took the ball home to their goal in two or at the most three strokes. The contest was a farce, and to give the numerous spectators unusually light one, there having been only five cases, including, however, two murder cases. In the first case, four Burkandazes of the Police were charged with having killed one, and wounded another convict, while they were attempting to escape from the guard at the quarry works. The havildar of the guard, on hearing of the escape of the man, directed them to "beat" and throw stones at them, but to capture them by any means. At the trial, the prisoners with much ingenuity, attempted to construe the meaning of the word *marroo* (to beat) into an order to *kill*. The first two were, however, after a very patient investigation, found guilty of the offence of culpable homicide, not amounting to murder, and sentenced to two years of causing grievous bodily hurt, and sentenced to five and three years each respectively. The other case was that of child murder by strangulation. The prisoner pleaded guilty this morning, and was sentenced to be hanged; but the Judge remarked that his case would be sent up to the Sudder Court with a recommendation to mercy. He had threatened to murder the child some two years ago, on account of the mother's denial that he was the father of the child, and it was just possible that the matter prayed upon his mind, and that, while labouring under morbid excitement, he committed the deed. The other cases were: one of house breaking, in which the prisoner was sentenced to seven years' penal servitude; one of trespass and attempt to cause grievous hurt; the prisoner was convicted and sentenced to fifteen months' confinement in the Sudder Jail with hard labour. In the case of robbery, the prisoner was acquitted. The evidence of the complainant and his servant, who were sleeping together in one room where the prisoner was said to have entered, was very conflicting; the Court remarked that it was evident that there was a conspiracy at the bottom of the case, and, were it not that evidence was wanting, they would be probably in the dock on a charge of perjury. The Kotree Jetta Sessions commence on the 18th and 25th instant respectively; two cases are to be tried at the former, and one (of murder) at the latter.

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1454 Golden Dream, Brown—Lawrence & Co.
1218 Golden Empire, Goodall—Lawrence & Co.
833 Kildare, E. Bates & Co.
1010 Lascoa, Anderson—Comber, Son & Co. (c. 1. Dec. 9)
867 Mogul, Henson—Stocker, Prieger & Co (c. 1. Jan. 5)
782 Orso, Jones—Lawrence & Co.
959 Preston, Waters—Lyon, Brothers & Co.
1182 Pegasus, Godwin—Cornforth & Co.
1273 Protector, Clark—D. Merwanjee & Co.
1092 Pallas...ms,—Ritchie, Steuart & Co. (c. 1. Jan. 23)
1235 Queen of Beauty, Chapman—Lawrence & Co.(c.1.Dec. 28)
1337 Queen of the Seas, Peters—Rennie, Scovell & Co.
727 Radnagore, Cook—A. H. Huschke & Co.
2035 Red Jacket, Harley—Lawrence & Co. (c. 1. Dec. 8)
1239 Royal Alfred, Whiting—Lawrence & Co. (c. 1. Dec. 17)
852 Rob Roy, Blacklock.
1220 Stalwart, Crawford—Ritchie Steuart & Co. (c. 1. Jan. 1)
1498 Sirene Donard—C. Mitchell & Co. (c. 1. Dec. 22)
560 Tallala Percival—Ewart, Latham & Co.
983 Trenton, Walker—Ritchie, Steuart & Co. (c.1. Jan. 1)
1179 Thomas Seddon, Dodds—Finlay Clark & Co. (c.1.Jan.16)
1349 Uncas, Geal—Dirom, Hunter & Co.
1131 War Cloud, Logan—E. Bates & Co. (c. 1. Jan. 24)
For Marseilles.
433 Tropique, Saing—Passmore & Co.
For New York.
1196 Inconstant, Cailliou—Lyrence & Co. (c. 1. Jan. 25)
1054 T. E. Lemon, Rainer—Dirom, Hunter & Co. (c.1.Jan.25)
For Rouen.
432 GB Elas, Gronard—Jules, Siegfried & Co.
For Havre.
815 City of Carlisle, Pentreath—E. L. & Co. (c. 1. Jan. 6)
618 Cid, Bezet—Jules Siegfried & Co. (c. 1. Jan. 16)
690 Marie et Nelli, Augulean.—S. Tyebjee & Co.
For Thomas for Guernsey.
1130 Cicero, Alexander—W. A. Graham & Co.
For Bordeaux.
Victorine, Bratzeon—Jules, Siegfried & Co.
For Falmouth for orders.
409 Charlotte, Callendar. (c. 1. Jan. 16)
For China.
China (s.), R. Curling.
From Singapore.
864 Shanghae—Leslie.
From Colombo.
655 Fort Regent, Privett—Peel Cassels & Co.
For Moulmein.
1017 Ocean Bell...(s) Brown—Cohen & Co.
For Cochin.
599 Gloucester—Huschke & Co.
For Boston.
679 Penabhoy, Pennabhoy—Steuart, Hobart & Co.

1403 Tweed, Fraser—Lawrence & Co.
1441 Lady Clarendon—Lawrence & Co.
320 Lord Raglan, Rochester—Finlay, Clark & Co.
678 Mary Sprowle, Sadler—Lyon, Brothers & Co.
644 Moreno, White—Naysmith & Co.
781 Myrtle, Warden—W. Nicol & Co.
1193 Mariotta, Brown—Ewart, Latham & Co.
387 Minerva—R. & B. Hormasjee.
819 Omar Pasha—H. M. Sedick.
690 Pearl, Andrews—H. M. Sedick.
691 Pericles, Ferguson—Frazer, Sands & Co.
731 Percy Douglas, Hamon—W. & A. Graham.
1169 Rowena Bilton, Ewart, Latham & Co.
1163 Stanley Fawn, Tindall—Lyon, Brothers & Co.
861 Sahamana, Livesay—W. Nicol & Co.
478 Souvenir—J. Siegfried & Co.
1031 Speedy, Stranack
Thule (s)
697 Tomagrompo, Poe—Cardwell, Parsons & Co.
1094 United Service (s) Game—C. M. S. N. Co.
732 William Stevenson, Roiden.
727 W. M. Peck (s)—Colson.
1015 William Carvill, Copeland—Rennie, Scovell & Co.
1120 Zambia, Willer—Rennie Scovell & Co.
P. & O. Co.'s STEAMERS.
China, Carlingford
Malta, G. Hyde.
1350 Pottinger. (laid up.)
1349 Simla. (under repair.)
Yahala, Coconada.
1410 Nedjee (s.)

COMMERCIAL.

BOMBAY DAILY BILL, SHARE, AND STOCK LIST.

EXCHANGE.

On what Place.	Terms.	Rates.
London Banks	6 months' sight	2s. 11/16d.
Do. Credits	Do. do.	2s. 13/16d.
Do. Documents	Do. do.	2s. 1¾d.
China	At sight	102¾
Ports	30 days' sight	98
Manila	60 Do. do.	227

SHARES.

Shares.	Paid up	Last Half-yearly Dividend	Rates.
BANKS.	Rs.		
Agra Bank	300	5 pr. ct.	135 pr. ct. pm.
Bombay Bank	1,000	8 do.	147 pr. ct. pm.
Bank of India	100	.....	4 pr. ct. pm.
Broker's Banking Company	20	.....	18 pr. ct. pm.
Central Bank	250	6 do.	54 pr. ct. pm.
Commercial Bank	500	4½ do.	85 pr. ct. pm.
Chartered Bank of India, A. & China	200	5 do.	75 pr. ct. pm.
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China	250	6 do.	175 pr. ct. pm.
Joint Stock Bank	70	.....	54 pr. ct. pm.
Oriental Bank Corporation	250	8 do.	160 pr. ct. pm.
Madras Bank	1,000	4½ do.	120 pr. ct. pm.
Royal Bank of India	125	.....	16½ pr. ct. pm.
Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris	200	4½ do.	50 pr. ct. pm.
PRESS COS.			
Apollo Press Co.	11,000	1,800 per share.	Rs. 27,000 p.sh.
Colaba Press Co.	2,500	300 do.	Rs. 6,000 p.sh.
Fort Press Co.	3,057	375 do.	Rs. 11,000 p.sh.
Hydraulic Press Co.	4,000	350 do.	Rs. 2,700 p.sh.
Elphinstone Land & Press Co. A Share	6,000	250 do.	Rs. 34,000.
Do. B. "	5,000	.....	
Freer Press Co.	250	.....	Rs. 24,000 pm.
Victoria Land and Press Co.	4,000	150 do.	Rs. 1,500 pm.
Bombay Press Co.	1,200	.....	Rs. 2,250 pm.
Framjee Cowasjee Patent Press Co.	1,500	.....	
RAILWAY COS.			
G.I.P. Railway Co. Consolidated Stock	218.3.0	pr. ct.	Rs. 8 pm. nom.
Do. New £20 shares	130.14.6	2½ do.	Rs. 12 prem.
Bombay, Baroda & C. I. R. Co.	1,000	2½ do.	Rs. 6 pm. nmi.
SPINNING & WEAVING COS.			
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co.	5,000	500 per share.	Rs. 1,200 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,100	.....	Rs. 350 prem.
Manockjee Petit's Spinning & Weaving Co.	850	.....	Rs. 120 prem.
Oriental Spinning & Weaving Co.	2,500	140 Rs. p. share	Rs. 450 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co.	1,500	.....	Rs. 375 prem.
Victoria Spinning Company	5,000	.....	Rs. 3000 prem.
Coorla Spinning Co.	5,000	3 per. cent.	Rs. 1,500.
Bombay United Spinning & Weaving Company	1,000	10 per. cent.	Rs. 460 prem.
Elphinstone Land & Press Company Limited	1,000	.....	Rs. 460 prem.
One whole Share comprising			
[illegible]	6,000	450	
[illegible]	6,000	170	Rs. 34,000
[illegible]	6,000	.....	Premium.
Time Press Co.'s [illegible]	1,500	.....	
LAND COS.			
Colaba Land Co.	10,000	Rs. 12,000	Rs. 35,000.
[illegible] Land Investment Co.	300	.....	Par.
[illegible] Contract & Building Co.	150	.....	Rs. 50 pm.
Bonded Warehouse	600	.....	Par.
Bombay Shipping Company	1,500	.....	Rs. 4,500 pm.
Iron Ship Co.	1,000	.....	Rs. 100 dis.
Oriental Ship Owning Association	250	.....	Rs.140 pm. pem.
Prince of Wales Ship Company	1,000	.....	Par.
Western India Ship Company	1,000	.....	Rs. 100 dis.
Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Co.	1,500	.....	Rs. 325 pm.
Treacher & Co. (Limited)	250	.....	2 pr. ct. pm.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four Per Cent. Transfer Loan	96
" Loan 1835-36	95
" Loan 1842-43	
" Loan 1854-55	
New Five per Cent. Loan	105
Five-and-a-Half Per Cent. Loan	113

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 10-7-0
Bank of England Notes	" 10-2-0
Spanish Dollars	" 209
Carolus	" 300
Mexican Dollars	" 223
German Crowns	" 213
Five-Franc Pieces	" 208 per 100 pic.
Bar Silver	" 106½
Gold Leaf	" 16-9-0

PRICES CURRENT (12th Feb. 1864.)

	Per candy.
COTTON at Colaba	
Broach and Surat Old (ready.)	Rs. 550 to 560
Old Dhollera, (ready.)	" 575 to 580
Old Bhoowunggur, (ready.)	" 570 to 575
New Oomrawtee	" 618 to 620
Old Compta, (ready.)	" 570 to 575
Old Dharwar Sawgined	" 640 to 645
New Barsee and Nuggur	" 610 to 615
Old Veeravul	" 575 to 580
New Khandeish	" 605 to 610
Old Poratchee	" 545 to 550
New Accola	" 628 to 630
Old Mangalore	" 545 to 550
OPIUM—Malwa, Rs. 1,340 to 1,350.	
SEEDS—Linseed, Khandeish at Rs. 6 2 to 6 3 per cwt.	
Rapeseed, Guzerat	" 5 11 to 5 12
Gingelly mixed (Black	" 32 to 33
and White)	" 35 to 37
Niger	" 30 to 31 Nominal.

BROKERS' LOAN, DISCOUNT AND BANKING COMPANY, (LIMITED.)—NOTICE is hereby given, that the Bank is opened for the transaction of local banking business.

Loans and Discounts.

The Bank discounts Government and Private Bills and Hoondies, and grants loans on the Security of Government Paper, Goods, &c.

Deposits.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on current deposits when not less than Rs. 500, nor exceeding Rs. 50,000, unless as may be specially arranged.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stocks, and other Securities ¼ per cent., on the amount realized on invested.

On interest or dividend ¼ per cent.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody free of charge, the interest or dividends thereon being credited to account.

On returning Securities out of safe custody ¼ per cent. commission charged.

ARDASEER BOMANJEE, Manager.

Bombay, 26th September 1863.

THE BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA AND JAPAN, (LIMITED.)—Capital One Million Sterling, in 10,000 Shares of £100 Each.

Head Office—16, *Cornhill, London.*

Board of Directors.

James Nugent Daniell, Esq, *Chairman.*
Richard Spooner, Esq., (late Commissioner of Customs, Bombay.) *Deputy-Chairman.*
William Frederic Baring, Esq.
Thomas Cotterell, Esq.
J. Henry Revnell De Castro, Esq.
Philip Shore Fletcher, Esq.
William Harrison, Esq.
Deane J. Hoare, Esq.
Henry Young, Esq., (late Chief Secretary to the Government, Bombay.)
Michel E. Rodocanachi, Esq.
Spiridion Mavrogani, Esq.
Committee in Bombay.
D. Sassoon, Esq., *Chairman.*
The Honorable Premshanoy Hemabhoy.
Haji Esmail Haji Hubibi, Esq.
Bankers.
London.....The Bank of England.
Do.....The Alliance Bank of London & Liverpool, (Limited.)
Liverpool..... Do. do.
Manchester..... Do. do.
Edinburgh..... The National Bank of Scotland.
Ireland..... The National Bank.

The Manager grants drafts on London, Liverpool, or Manchester, at the following rates of Exchange :—

Six month's sight	2s. 0¼d. per Rupee
Three " "	2s. 0¼d. do.
On demand	1s. 11¾d. do.
On Scotland or Ireland	1s. 11¾d. do.

Circular Notes payable in Egypt and the principal towns on the Continent of Europe ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.

Drafts on the *Bank of England*, on *Scotland* or *Ireland* are issued at sight only.

To prevent disappointment to persons at a distance who may purchase the Bank's Bills on Europe, the Manager will, whenever so desired, forward the first of exchange direct to the party furnished with the address of the person to whom the Bill is to be sent. *In all instances where a signature in favor of a lady, her Christian name must be given at full length.*

The Bank will negociate Bills payable in London, Liverpool or Manchester, and will also purchase or grant drafts payable in Calcutta, Hong Kong or Shanghai.

Current Accounts.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on balance exceeding Rs. 500 and not more than 50,000, and one per cent. per annum on balances exceeding Rs. 300 and not more than Rs. 500.

Interest is not allowed on balances of more than Rs. 50,000 except by special arrangement.

Fixed Deposits.

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal 6 per ct. per an.

do.	9	do.	5½ do.
do.	6	do.	5 do.
do.	4	do.	4½ do.
do.	3	do.	4 do.

Notice of withdrawal may be given either when the money is deposited or at any future time. If the deposit be taken in the Bank's draft on Europe, the notice of withdrawal will generally be dispensed with.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off or of modifying the terms of Fixed Deposits, on giving one month's notice.

Deposits of Rs. 100, and not exceeding Rs. 50,000, are received by the Bank subject to 15 days' notice of withdrawal on either side, and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent below the Bank of Bombay minimum rate of discount, rising or falling therewith, but in no case will a higher rate than 5 per cent. be allowed on Deposits of this class.

Unless money shall have been lodged 15 days prior to the notice of withdrawal, no interest will be allowed.

Government Paper and other Securities received for safe custody, and the interest remitted by the Bank's draft, free of charge.

The Bank will procure enfacement of Government Paper on account of Constituents and forward the same to the Head Office without charge.

It is particularly requested that all orders or Hoondees may be made payable to, and all communications addressed "*The Manager, Bank of Hindustan, (Limited,) Bombay,*"

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.—Paid-up Capital—£641,000.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

London Bankers. { The Bank of England. / The City Bank.

Branches and Agencies.

Bombay, Kurrachee, Calcutta, Singapore, Batavia, Hongkong, and Shanghai.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Exchange.

The Bank's Agency in Bombay grants Bills of Exchange on The City Bank, London, at the following rates, viz. :—

6 months' sight (not under £50)	at 2s. 0¼d.	per Rupee.
4 Do.	..... at 2s. 0¼d.	"
3 Do.	..... at 2s. 0¾d.	"
2 Do.	..... at 2s. 0¾d.	"
1 Do.	..... at 2s. 0¾d.	"
On Demand (Head Office)	..... at 1s. 11¾d.	"

Deposits.

Interest is allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum, on the daily balance, and on Fixed Deposits, as follows :—

Repayable in one sum, at 3 months' notice,	3	per cent.
Do.	6 do.	5 "
Do.	12 do.	6 "

No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000, nor on Deposits above Rs. 50,000, unless by special arrangement.

Remittance.

The Bank's Agency realizes Drafts or Hoondies on the Presidency for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on London without charge.

All Drafts, or Hoondies, forwarded for realization, to be made payable to the "Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, or order."

When a remittance is to be made to a lady, her Christian name must be given.

Commission.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, ¼ per cent.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills.

On Interest or Dividends, or proceeds of Securities by sale ¼ per cent. commission charged if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no charge.

On delivering up Securities, deposited for safe custody, ¼ per cent.

Office hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.; Saturdays 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

ANTHONY MORRISON, Agent.

Bombay, 16th November 1863.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.—*Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th March 1848 and by Imperial Decree of 20th July 1854.* Paid-up Capital.—Francs 40,000,000 (£1,600,000.) Reserve Fund.—Francs 9,949,168 (£357,606.)

Head Office.—14, *Rue Bergere Paris.* Agencies at Bombay Calcutta, Hongkong, Shanghai, Bourbon (Reunion), and Saigon.

London Bankers.

Union Bank of London; Messrs C. J. Hambro and Son.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Office—2, *Military Square.*

This Agency grants Drafts and Letters of Credit and purchases or collects Bills on the abovementioned places, as also on the principal Towns of Continental Europe, on Malta, Pondicherry, Kurrachee, Ceylon, Mauritius, Singapore, Sydney and Melbourne.

Exchange.

Drafts granted as follows :

On London 6 months' sight	2s. 0¼d.	per Rupee
3 Do. Do.	2s. 0¼d.	"
Sight	1s. 11¾d.	"
On France 6 months' sight...frs.	2-58 cts.	"
3 Do. Do.	2-57	"
Sight	2-48	"

Deposits.

Interest at 2 per cent. per annum allowed on Current Deposits; payable on demand, of not less than Rs. 1000, nor more than Rs. 50,000.

On fixed Deposits at,

3 months' notice	3 per Cent. per annum.
6 Ditto	4 do.
12 Ditto	5 do.

Discounts, Loans, &c.

The Agency discounts approved Local Bills, grants Loans on Government Paper, Bullion, Bank Stock, and approved Shares and other Securities.

Any further information as to rates of business, &c., may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the undersigned, to whom all remittances should be made payable.

T. R. R. DAVISON, Acting Manager.

Bombay, 3rd February 1863.

THE ROYAL BANK OF INDIA.—*Incorporated, with unlimited liability under the Act of the Legislative Council of India No. XIX. of 1857.*—Capital Sixty Lakhs of Rupees in 30,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each, with power to increase.

Board of Directors.

Andrew Grant, Esquire, Chairman.	Byramjee Hormusjee Cama, Esq.
T. F. Gray, Esq.	Karsandas Madhavadas, Esq.
W. F. Stearns, Esq.	
Dinshaw Manockjee, Esq.	

Auditors.

Richard Latham, Esq.; James Bevis, Esq.

London Bankers.

The London and County Bank.

Exchange.

Bills on London at 6 months' sight at 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee

"	4 do.	2s. 0¼d. "
"	3 do.	2s. 0¾d. "
"	2 do.	2s. 0¾d. "
"	1 do.	1s. 11¾d. "
" On demand	do.	1s. 11¾d. do.

Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £50, and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Ahmedabad and Surat.

Loans and Discounts.

The Bank discounts Government and Private Bills and Hoondies, and grants Loans on the Security of Government Paper, Goods, &c.

Cash Credits.

Cash Credits, limited in each case to Rs. 20,000 granted for one year certain, on the security of the borrower, and two approved personal sureties.

Current Accounts.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on balances not exceeding one lac, or at 3 per cent. per annum if interest is paid on the lowest balance at credit of the account for each month; in the latter case interest will be allowed on any sum not exceeding two lacs.

Fixed Deposits.

Subject to 1 month's notice 3 per cent. per annum.

Do.	3 do.	4	do. do.
Do.	6 do.	5	do. do.
Do.	12 do.	6	do. do.

J. GORDON, Manager.

Bombay, 10th February 1863.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

Exchange.

The Bank grants Drafts on London, Scotland, and Ireland, Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange :—

On London, at 6 ms' sight	above £50	2s. 0¼d.	per Rupee.
"	4 do.	2s. 0¾d.	"
"	3 do.	2s. 0¾d.	"
"	2 do.	2s. 0¾d.	"
"	1 do.	1s. 11¾d.	"
" On demand		1s. 11¾d.	"
On Scotland	do.		
On Ireland	do.	1s. 11¾d.	"

Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe Overland at 1 day's sight.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, Mauritius, Yokohama, and Tuticorin.

The Bank also draws on the Branches of the Bank of New South Wales.

Interest Allowed.

On Floating Deposits payable on demand if not less than Rs. 1,000, 2 per cent. per annum.

On Fixed Deposits at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent. per annum.

On Fixed Deposits at 6 months' notice, 4 per cent. per annum.

On Fixed Deposits at 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.

Fixed Deposits may generally be availed of for the Bank's Bills on London without notice.

The notice of withdrawal can be given at the time of depositing the money, or at any time thereafter.

Interest is credited to Deposit accounts half-yearly.

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

The Funds of all public bodies connected with the Services and of such other Societies as the Directors may consider eligible for the same privilege, will be received by the Bank at its highest rate of interest for the time being, subject to modified conditions.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off all interest Deposits, and of modifying the terms thereof, on giving one month's notice.

Parties making remittances to the Bank should specify distinctly the Account or Accounts to which the same are to be credited.

Commission.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies without charge and realizes the Interests and Dividends, for which a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Bank or other Stock, ¼ per cent.

Remittance.

The Bank realizes Drafts or Hoondies payable in the Presidency for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on London.

To obviate disappointment to parties at a distance, it is hereby notified that the Bank will, whenever so requested, transmit the first of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the correct address of the party at Home to whom the remittance is to be sent, if to a lady, her Christian name or names should be given in full.

Parties are requested to address "*The Manager of the Agra and United Service Bank, (Limited), Bombay,*" and to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to him.

E. A. FLINDERS, Manager.

Bombay, 4th February 1864.

BANK OF INDIA.—Capital Sixty Lacs of Rupees in 40,000 Shares of Rs. 150 each.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Board of Directors.

Hon. Arthur J. Lewis, Advocate General, Chairman.
William Cooper, Esq., (Messrs. Fulcher, Cooper & Co.)
H. Forman, Esq., (Messrs Leckie & Co.)
Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Brownuggur, Esq.
Kessowjee Naique, Esq.
Ghellabhoy Puddumsey, Esq.
Alladinbhoy Hubibhoy, Esq.
Cassumbhoy Dhurumsseey, Esq.
Peerbhoy Cassumbhoy, Esq.

Exchange.

The Bank grants Drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank at the following rates :—

At 6 months' sight	.....	2s.	0¼d. per Rupee.
4	do.	2s.	0¼d. do.
3	do.	2s.	0¾d. do.
2	do.	2s.	0¾d. do.
1	do.	2s.	0¾d. do.
On demand	.....	1s.	11¾d. do.

Deposits.

Interest will be allowed as follows :—

On Current Accounts	.....	2 per cent.
Deposits for 3 months certain	.....	3 "
" 6 "	.....	5 "
" 12 "	.....	6 "

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

The Bank furnishes Cheque and Pass Books, and it is particularly requested that Constituents will refrain from making Cheques in their Pass Books, and from drawing Cheques on any but the forms supplied.

Cheques on which any alterations or erasures have been made cannot be paid.

The Bank collects Bills, Cheques, &c. payable in Bombay but, in case of dishonored Bills, does not take the Notarial step unless instructed.

All Accounts balanced half-yearly, viz., on 30th June and 31st December.

Advances.

The Bank grants loans against Government Securities, &c., and discounts Government and approved Private Bills and Hoondies.

Commission.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities, Bank or other Shares ¼ per cent.

Government or other Securities received for safe custody, and Interest or Dividends thereon drawn free of charge.

* On returning Securities out of safe custody ¼ per cent.

Orders and Hoondies should be made payable, and all letters addressed, "To the Manager Bank of India."

Office hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Saturdays 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

R. D. PEEBLES, Manager.

Bombay, 20th January 1864.

THE BOMBAY TRADING AND BANKING ASSOCIATION, (LIMITED.)

ધી બુમબાઈ તરદીગ એનદ બેકીગ આશોસ્યેશન (લીમીટેડ.)

Capital Twenty Lakhs of Rupees in 10,000 Shares of Rupees 200 each, with power to increase.

Board of Directors.

Nusserwanjee Muncherjee Wadia, Esq., *Chairman*
Burjorjee Muncherjee Wadia, Esq.
Dossabhoy Merwanjee Wadia, Esq.
Hajee Esmael Hajee Habib, Esq.
Gellabhoy Puddumsey, Esq.

Treasurers and Managers.

Messrs. Muncherjee Jamsetjee, and Sons.

Secretary.

Mr. Cooverjee Rustomjee Mody.

The Association is opened for the transaction o local Business.

The Association discounts Local Bank and Private Bills. Interest allowed on Fixed Deposits.

Subject to 3 months' notice 3 per cent. per annum.

Do.	4	Do.	4 Do.
Do.	6	Do.	5 Do.
Do.	12	Do.	6 Do.

By order of the Board of Directors,

COOVERJEE RUSTOMJEE MODY, Secretary.

No. 9, Church Lane, Fort, Bombay 15th Sept. 1863.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.—Established in 1845.—*Registered under Act XIX. of 1857 of the Legislative Council of India.*

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Deposits.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit accounts, payable on demand, of not less than Rs. 1,000 or more than Rs. 50,000 2 per cent. per annum.

On Fixed Deposits for 4 months certain ½ do.
On do. 8 do. 5 do.
On do. 12 do. 6 do.

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Exchange.

The Bank grants drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank on demand and at from one to six months' sight.

The current rates on London are :—

6 months' sight	..... at	2s.	0¼d. per rupee.
4 "	.....	2s.	0¼d. "
3 "	.....	2s.	0¾d. "
2 "	.....	2s.	0¾d. "
1 "	.....	1s.	11¾d. "
On Demand	.....	1s.	11¾d. "

No draft at six months' sight is granted for sums under 5, and sums under £20 are only drawn for on Demand.

Remittance.

Hoondies, or remittances in any other form, from upcountry stations will be received in payment of the Bank's bills on London, and, when so requested, the Bank will transmit the 1st of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the proper address of the party to whom the remittance is to be sent; if to a lady, her Christian name should be given in full.

All Drafts or Hoondies to be made payable to the Commercial Bank of India or order.

Commission.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Shares in Banks, one quarter per cent., and on the collection of Bills, one per cent. and postages.

The Bank takes charge of Government Paper, Bank Stock and Joint Stock Shares free of charge, and draws Interest or Dividends on the same, as they fall due, on the following terms :—

If to be remitted through the Bank, without charge.
If to be paid in India, a commission will be charged of ¼ per cent.
On delivering Securities out of safe custody ¼ per cent.
Hours of business, 10 to 4, Saturdays, 10 to 1.

ROBT. ANGUS, Chief Manager.

Bombay, 2nd February 1864.

THE SCINDE, PUNJAUB, AND DELHI BANK CORPORATION, (LIMITED.)—Head office, 80, King William Street, London, E.C.—Branches at Kurrachee and Bombay.—(Others in course of being opened.)

Capital.—*One Million Sterling, In 50,000 Shares of £20 each, 37,5000 of which have been issued. It is not intended to call up more than £10 per Share.*

Court of Directors.

Chairman.

William Patrick Andrew, Esq., (Chairman of the Scinde Punjab, and Delhi Railways) 26, Montagu Square, Hyde Park.

Deputy Chairman.

Francis William Russell, Esq., M. P., (Chairman of the National Discount Company, Limited,) 9, Lancaster Gate, Hyde Park.

Harry Borrodaile, Esq., (late Bombay, C. S., Director Scinde and Caps Town Railways) Ham, Surrey.
Archibald Boyd, Esq., (Director of the Union Bank of London) Westbourne Terrace, Hyde Park.
William Money, Esq., (late of Messrs. Dent and Co. China), Park Crescent, Regent's Park.
Sir Stuart Alexander Donaldson (late Colonial Secretary and Treasurer of the Colony of New South Wales), 32, Prince's Gardens, Kensington.
William Mackinnon, Esq., (of the firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co., Calcutta.)
Sir Charles Nicholson, Bart. (late President of the Legislative Council, Queensland) 19, Portland Place.
Thomas Williams, Esq., (Director of the Scinde, Punjaub and Delhi Railways).

Auditors.

William Dent, Esq., (Bickley, Bromley, Kent.)
J. Edmund Anderdon, Esq., (Director of the Bank of London).

Messrs. Coleman, Turquand, Youngs and Co., 16, Tokenhouse Yard.

Bankers in London.

The Bank of England.—The Union Bank of London.

Solicitors.

Messrs. Thomas and Hollams, Mincing Lane.

Manager.—T. G. Craig, Esq.

Indian Establishments.

Neale Porter, Esq., (Managing Director in India.)

Branches.

Kurrachee.....H. I. Lee, Esq., (Acting Manager.)
Bombay.....A. Mackintosh, Esq., (Manager.)

Agents at Calcutta and Madras. The Oriental Bank Corporation.

The Manager of the Bombay Branch grants drafts on The Union Bank of London at the following rates viz. :—

At 6 months' sight	..... at	2s.	0¼d. per Rupee.
4 "	.....	2s.	0¼d. "
3 "	.....	2s.	0¾d. "
2 "	.....	2s.	0¾d. "
1 "	.....	2s.	0¾d. "
On Demand	.....	1s.	11¾d. "

Discounts and Loans.

The Bank discounts Local Bills, and grants Loans on Government Paper and approved Securities.

Deposits.

On current account balances, interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on sums not under Rs. 1,000 and not above Rs. 50,000, and on balances over Rs. 50,000 as may be agreed upon. On fixed deposits subject to

3 months' notice	Interest is allowed at the rate of	3 per cent. per annum.
6 "	.....	5 " "
12 "	.....	6 " "

To constituents requiring the Bank's Drafts on England, the notice of withdrawal will generally be dispensed with; and the undersigned will be happy to give any further information as to the rules and rates of business.

A. MACKINTOSH, Manager.

1, Nesbit Lane, Bombay, 29th January 1864.

THE ORIENTAL CALCULATOR. *Third Edition*, by Dorabjee Hormusjee, now on sale at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Price Rs. 10.

Contents—Interest on Rupees, from ¼ to 12 per cent.; Interest on Dollars; Interest on Pounds Sterling; *Exchange* Rupees into Pounds at from 1s. 8d. to 2s 0d., per Rupee; Pounds sterling into Rupees at do. do.; Rupees converted into Dollars at from Rs. 196 to Rs. 240 per 100 Dollars; Dollars into Rupees at do.; Pounds sterling into Dollars at from 4s 1d. to 5s 6d per Dollar; Dollars in Pounds sterling ditto; Commissions or Inland Exchenge from ¼ to 10 percent.

SALES BY AUCTION.

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE.

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at his Rooms, in Meadow Street, Fort White, Blue, and Gilt Dinner, Dessert Breakfast and Tea Sets, Silver and Electro-plated Spoons and Forks of different patterns, and other Plated; Bronze and Plated hanging Argand Lamps, velvet and Brussels Carpets, Carpets, with Border, &c.

P. S.—NANSEE PARPIA begs most respectfully to inform Ladies, Gentlemen and the Public of Bombay and of Out-stations, that he has a large Warehouse at Byculla, opposite the Jewish Church, where he has always on hand new and second hand Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, &c. &c. 21st Sept. 1863. NANSEE PARPIA.

MESSRS. SYKES & Co, Hummum Street, Fort—Have just received, by the last Mail a lot of Photographic Chemicals, Albuminized Paper being selected by Mr. Sykes now in England.

Cartes de Visite and Stereoscopic Portaits of the Prince and Princess of Wales, and Rao Bahadoor Ramchunder Balcrustnajee.

They also beg to bring to notice, that thay hold a very choice stock of Albums, and Gold Lockets, of very choice designs, together with an assortment of Cameras, Lenses, and Photographic requisites, of every description.

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